Decatur Weekly Republican.

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS

TEETH, $7—Hoskins & Moore, dentist

THE Bloomington race meeting was a financial failure

PERRY ODOR is critically ill at the home of his father, J. N. Odor, in Wheatland township

THE newly appointed postmaster at Dalton City is B. L. Coubes, vice Henry Uppendahl, resigned

THE store of Eli Abby was entered by thieves last night and a lot of s[illegible] and knives stolen

YESTERDAY W. W. McVay, dry goods merchant at Windsor, made an assignment, assets $7,000, liabilities $2300

THE dying request made by a prominent Ohio militiaman recently was that the band should not strike up "After the Ball" until they had left the cemetery

THE new sign in gilt letters "Farmers' Bank" was put over the new bank room on East Main street to-day. The bank will be open for business in a few days

JOHN H. RAINEY in future will manage the Culver Monument Works, in order that J. H. Culver may give his attention to the business of the Municipal Electric Light company

THE fair at Bloomington last September was such a failure financially that the association could not pay the DeMolay band for music rendered. The band has sued the association for $500

THE Decatur Implement Co., corner of East William and Franklin streets, furnish all kinds of extras for the Walter A. Wood, Minneapolis and Buckeye Harvesters July 13-w2w

THE Illinois Central is deriving important benefits from the World's Fair at Chicago, and its preliminary statement of gross earnings for the month of June show an increase over the same month last year of $321,630, or 20 per cent.

AYER'S PILLS promptly remove the causes of sick and nervous headaches. These Pills speedily correct irregularities of the stomach, liver, and bowels, and are the mildest and most reliable cathartic in use. No one should be without them

THERE was a prize fight of ten hot rounds Sunday morning in the edge of Logan county in the presence of 300 spectators. Jimmie Connors, of Springfield, went against Perrin, of Indiana, and knocked him out. The party took a special train out of Springfield to the ring in the field.

THE report of the adjutant general for the two years ending December 1, 1892, has just come from the printer. The aggregate strength of the National Guard of this state on that date was 1417 officers and enlisted men, and the "general condition of the military of the state is most satisfactory," according to the report

The Negro Proved an Alibi

The negro arrested at Milan, Tenn., Monday for complicity in the murder of the Ray sisters succeeded in proving an alibi and was released. It was first reported that he had confessed. Efforts are making to follow up still another clew which may shed light on Miller's connection with the matter. The trouble seems to be to prove that the man lynched had any connection with the killing of the girls

Died at the Poor House

On July 12, at 10 o'clock a. m. of consumption at the poor farm Charles Reid, aged 21 years

The deceased was sent to the poor farm last December from Decatur. He was sick and indigent when he was admitted. He claimed to be from Ohio and that he had relatives there but refused to say in what part of the state they lived or where he was from

Blamed Her Mother-in-Law

SULLIVAN, Ill., July 11.—Mrs. James M. Boling, who lived about ten miles southeast of here, committed suicide with strychnine last night. She and her husband lived with the latter's parents. She wrote three letters before her death to relatives, in which she stated that her husband was kind and indulgent, but she could not live with her mother-in-law. She leaves four small children

Flimsy Wagon Bridge Gives Way.

VANDALIA, Ill., July 11.—The Third street wagon bridge over the Vandalia railroad tracks in this city gave way this afternoon beneath a team and wagon loaded with two large saw logs and fell thirty feet to the railroad track below. The team and driver, Levi Sutton, escaped without injury.

John Niccols

John Niccols, an early settler of Bloomington, who twenty years ago was a millionaire land owner, died yesterday aged 83. He was an intimate personal friend of the late James G. Blaine. Mr. Niccols was the father of Mrs. Harry G. Reeves, of Bloomington, the wife of Governor Fifer's private secretary.

RECOVERED HER CHILD

Mrs. Lyman Davis, of Dalton City, by Strategy, Regains Possession of Her Child

From Wednesday's Daily

About a dozen excited women hovered about a little girl this morning at the depot, and when one reporter approached the crowd to ascertain the cause of the unusualness, four other pencil pushers also hovered about, until for a moment it looked like the reporters were more directly interested in the case than the women themselves. It seems that Mrs. Lyman Davis, who was formerly Mrs. Mont Search, was here to secure her daughter, who, when she obtained a divorce from Search, was taken to the home of F. A. Search and the father of the child, Mont Search, had repeatedly refused to give the child up to her mother. Mrs. Davis was here to-day to get the child, and she did so by a clever trick. An aunt of the little girl, Mrs. James Bessie, of Kansas, who has been visiting Mrs. Davis, came to Decatur to-day with her, and after consulting a lawyer the ladies got a buggy and drove to the Search residence, where Mrs. Bessie called for the child stating that she was an aunt of the little girl's and had come to take her out riding. No objections were found and the child was placed in the buggy with her mother and driven to the depot, where they stood around anxiously until their train would come, fearing the Search family would try to recover the child. Here they fell the prey of the reporters. One lady objected somewhat to newspaper notoriety. But by the combined efforts of all the facts were extracted. Mrs. Bessie and husband, Mrs. Davis and the recovered child, left at noon for the Bessie home in Kansas

Miss Kate Search, daughter of F. A. Search, was seen to-day by a reporter and she stated that Mrs. Davis relinquished all claim to the child if Mr. Search would consent to a divorce, and that the child has lived at the Search residence since the time of the granting of the divorce. She also stated that they would recover the child from the mother no matter where they went.

Death at Niantic.

Mrs. Mary Turner passed away at the home of her son-in-law, L. N. Webb, at Niantic on Tuesday, aged 75 years. Her death was sudden, although the deceased had been ill for months. Mrs. Turner was the widow of Walter Turner, who was well-known to all the old settlers of Macon county. She was born in Green county, Ohio, January 2, 1818. Her maiden name was Mary Lucas. When she was a child of three her parents moved to Logan county, Illinois. In her sixteenth year she was married to Walter Turner, who preceded her in death thirteen years, dying in 1880. She was the mother of fourteen children, of whom eight survive her and mourn that dearest of all earthly friends, a devoted mother. Those living are Abijah of Buffalo, Kan., Mrs. Mary Ash of Dalton, Kan., John of Monticello, William, Mrs. Hannah Freeman, Mrs. Sarah J. Beck, Mrs. Margaret A. Webb and Mrs. Amanda Pritchett, all of Macon county

The time for the funeral has not been determined. It will be conducted by Rev. E. A. Gilliland, pastor of the Christian church of Niantic. The interment will be at the Harristown cemetery by the side of her husband

Fatally Injured

Thomas Potter, aged 86, a horse-trader from Decatur, was probably fatally injured in a runaway Sunday night near the Springfield fair grounds. The accident happened about 9:30 o'clock, and it is said the horse was frightened by an electric car. It became unmanageable and overturned the buggy in the ditch, throwing the old man out, breaking his left hip and injuring him internally. An ambulance was summoned and he was taken to St. John's hospital. Owing to his advanced age Mr. Potter will certainly never recover, and his death is expected soon to result

Tragedy at Mackinaw.

The residence of Jacob Lohnes, a farmer, on the Mackinaw, six miles south of Pekin, burned to the ground Saturday afternoon, caused by the explosion of a gasoline can while building a fire in the stove. Mrs. Lohnes, who was about to be confined, and an 18 months old child were consumed in the house. Mackinaw is a region familiar to many Decatur fishermen, several of who probably know the location of the Lohnes place.

The Boy Preacher.

Springfield *Journal*. Rev. Thomas Harrison, "the boy preacher," accompanied by his aged mother, will visit in the city the latter part of the week, guests of Mrs. William E. Shutt. He will occupy the pulpit at the First M. E. church next Sunday

Recovered $35 Damages.

On yesterday F. D. Belknap sued George Hardy of Blue Mound for $35 damages as a result of a horse trade. The trial came off in Justice Odor's court and the plaintiff received $35 damages by the verdict of the 'squire.

DEATH OF DR. TROWBRIDGE.

News of His Death in California Received in Decatur on Sunday

Dr. S. I. Trowbridge, a former resident of Decatur, died in the 68th year of his age at Napa, Cal., on June 23. This notice of his death was printed in the San Francisco (Cal.) *Chronicle*.

TROWBRIDGE.—In Napa City, June 23, of pneumonia, Dr. S. I. Trowbridge, beloved husband of Emeline Rockwell Trowbridge, and father of Charles Trowbridge, Mrs. Ada Belle Peterson, Mrs. Mattie May Doherty, Mrs. Mary Ellen Ritter, Lillian, Hattie and Maude Beatrice Trowbridge, a native of Fayette County, Ind., aged 67 years, 1 months and 14 days

The deceased was well-known to many of the older residents of Decatur. He graduated in medicine from the Rush Medical college, Chicago, in 1851, and came to Decatur with his wife. Before and after the war he was a partner of Dr. W. J. Chenoweth in the practice of medicine. When the war broke out he became regimental surgeon of the Eighth Illinois Infantry, and endeared himself to all the members of that gallant regiment by the tender and faithful discharge of his duties. For 12 years he was United States consul at Vera Cruz, Mexico, and filled the position with honor to himself and the government. On his retirement he returned to Decatur with his family and occupied the homestead, now known as the Maxwell House. It was sold to Otto E. Curtis about 1887, when Dr. Trowbridge and family left for Florida intending to make that state their home. They left Florida in a short time, and removed to San Francisco, California, where the Doctor put out his sign and opened an office. He was induced by Dr. Hostetter to go to Napa, and engage in the practice of medicine with him. He was understood to be prospering at the time of his death

Dr. Trowbridge was a man of noble impulses, and one who had many personal friends throughout the country. He was honorable and upright in all his dealings and was beloved by his family and all who enjoyed his acquaintance. He always considered Decatur his home. The burial was at Napa City.

FURTHER PARTICULARS

Since the above was written the REPUBLICAN has received a copy of the *Napa Register* of June 30th, which contained the following obituary

With a feeling of deepest sorrow we to-day chronicle the death of a good citizen who figured more or less conspicuously and always honorably in the most trying times of the Nation's history. Dr. Silas I. Trowbridge, after an illness of ten days, while surrounded by members of the household of which he was the revered head, passed away at 8 o'clock this morning.

The Doctor was prostrated by a severe attack of pneumonia June 14th, and since that date had been confined to his home on the corner of Randolph and Pine streets. All that medical skill and the tender nursing of his children could do was done, but the doctor was not a robust man and his physical condition was against him. Though he fought the disease bravely it had too firm a hold upon him and he was at last obliged to succumb to it

Deceased was born in Fayette, Co., Indiana, in 1826, and at an early age devoted himself to the study of medicine. He graduated when quite young, and began the practice of his profession in the neighboring state. He early joined the Masonic fraternity, and in the course of time was chosen Grand Scribe, and afterward Grand King in the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State of Illinois. When the civil war broke out, in 1861, Dr. Trowbridge was commissioned as first surgeon of the Eighth Illinois Infantry, and held the oldest surgeon's commission in the volunteer service. He remained in the army until August 25, 1864. During his term of service he was for a long time acting medical director and chief surgeon of the Third Division of the Seventeenth Army Corps, commanded by Gen. John A. Logan. He was at the "cleaning up" of 23 battles and was 119 days under fire, and won the highest encomiums from the general officers under whose command he served.

During the early part of the war Gen. Oglesby was dangerously wounded. The surgeons who surrounded him pronounced his case hopeless. Dr. Trowbridge was the only one who entertained hopes of saving him, and to his skill, care and attention the General resigned himself. After a hard struggle with death, the doctor finally triumphed, and the General has, naturally since that hour, been his firmest friend.

In the year 1866 he was chosen president of the Illinois State Medical society, a position he worthily filled until he accepted the consulate at Vera Cruz, to which he was appointed by President Grant (for whom Dr. Trowbridge stumped the state of Illinois in 1868) and in which position he served most acceptably twelve consecutive years. Upon the death of his successor, the doctor was reappointed to that important post and there remained until he removed with his family from Vera Cruz to California in October, 1886, and to Napa two years thereafter. Here he engaged in the practice of medicine and by his noblemess of mind, generosity of heart and uprightness of life formed strong and lasting friendships.

He was a member of Grand Army Post No. 1, of Decatur, Ill., and on settling in Napa affiliated with Kit Carson Post No. 74, and in many ways contributed to the strengthening of the ties of comradeship here. He was an ardent lover of his country, a true friend to humanity, and an honest man.

He was married in Chicago, Ill., in 1851, to Miss Emeline Rockwell, and that alliance has been a most happy one. To this union six children came, and not until to-day had the death messenger invaded that family circle. The mother of Mrs. Trowbridge is living. Her home is in Chicago. The surviving children are Mrs. Ada B. Peterson, Charles, Mattie May, Mrs. Mary Ellen Ritter, Hattie Lillian and Maud Beatrice. All live in Napa.

Deceased was for two years county physician here and a member of the board of surgeons commissioned to examine applicants for pensions in this district.

The funeral took place Sunday at two o'clock p. m. from the family residence. Members of Kit Carson Post, G. A. R., attended the funeral

HURT IN A WRECK

Decatur People Shaken Up at Atlanta on the Vandalia Road.

From Wednesday's Daily

Yesterday afternoon as the passenger train on the Vandalia road was approaching the town of Atlanta in Logan county it met with a serious accident, caused by a freight train on the Chicago & Alton road crashing into it. The locomotive of the freight struck between the smoker and the ladies' coach and a bad wreck was the result. Both coaches were turned over in the ditch and quite badly wrecked, as were the engine and several cars of the freight. There was a regular panic among the passengers, several of whom were badly scratched and bruised though not seriously injured. On the train were Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Crowder, Marguerite Hillman and Miss Maud Burrows, the latter on her way to Iowa. Mr. and Crowder and wife were going to Peoria to take Marguerite home to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hillman. There were ten other passengers in the coach at the time of the collision, but fortunately none were seriously hurt. Mr. Crowder was facing the rear of the coach. He was thrown forward and struck the back of a seat, and he was shaken up as never before in a given time. Mrs. Crowder was bruised by coming in contact with the car. There were no fractures. Little Marguerite was slightly hurt on the head, but Miss Burrows was not injured at all. She at once telegraphed her parents, noting the accident, and stating that she was assisting in taking care of those who had been hurt. The two cars keeled over at the side of the track, and considerable damage to the rolling stock and the track resulted.

Miss Burrows continued her journey last night to Iowa, taking the Hillman child on to Peoria. Mr. and Mrs. Crowder returned to Decatur, and both were attended at the Shellabarger residence by Dr. Cass Chenoweth. Mrs. Crowder is quite sore to-day. Mr. Crowder is able to get around with a limp and the use of a cane. He has accident policies and will probably file his claim.

The responsibility for the wreck, it is claimed, rests with the Alton road. The freight was approaching the crossing at a high rate of speed and it could not be checked. It is said that the Vandalia train had the right to the crossing. None of the trainmen were hurt.

The Lynching Illustrated.

The Sunday edition the Chicago *Herald* contained an illustrated write-up of the lynching of Samuel J. Bush, the negro who assaulted Mrs. W. H. Vest on May 30th. The pictures show the Macon county court house with the pole from which the negro was hanged, the hanging under discussion by the Macon County Farmers' Club at the St. Nicholas hotel corner, the interior of the county jail and cell of Bush, S. Davis May and George Robinson, members of the grand jury, ex-Marshal Mason, Col. Anderson, an alleged picture of A. H. Mills, who is improperly styled state's attorney, Sheriff Perl, seated in a chair telling how he had had three streaks of bad luck, a picture of a Mt. Zion citizen, and a view of the Vest home in Mt. Zion township. The three-column cut showing the St. Nick corner gives sixteen persons in different attitudes, together with an English pug trotting along in front of a lady. The members of the club will have to fix the identity of the different parties. The picture of Charles Laux is clearly defined.

A Peculiar Horse Disease.

A peculiar disease has appeared among the horses on Congressman B. F. Funk's farm in McLean county. It seems to be a sort of paralysis, and the horses attacked by it live but a few hours. Three horses have died from the strange malady and another afflicted was killed for the purpose of learning the nature of the disease. Several horses on the farm are now suffering from the disease and Dr. Devore, veterinary surgeon, says the disease is a new one and difficult to understand

Died in Chicago

Mrs. Donie Sturm, aged 81 years, died in Chicago Sunday morning at 7 o'clock. The deceased was the mother of Colonel Emil Sturm of this city, a member of the B. Stine Clothing company. The store is closed to-day and there is crepe on the door. The funeral will occur Tuesday morning at Chicago

EMMA CORBETT is a Colorado young woman who intends to ride from Chadron, Neb., to Chicago with a view to beating the record recently made by John Berry and his broncho, "Poison." She weighs but 90 pounds, has plenty of money and wants to bet she will make Berry hide his diminished head in confusion.

THE COUNTY ASSESSMENT.

The Total is $10,186,417—Big Increase in Decatur Township

The assessors' books in the office of County Clerk Hardy for the year 1893 tell an interesting story. The figures show that the assessment is $10,186,417. This is an increase of $392,835 over the assessment of 1892. The increase is wholly in Decatur township. The Decatur assessor made these increases over '92. Personal property, $207,273, lands, $21,810, lots, $126,741, total, $355,824. There was no increase in the country on the assessment. Instead it was a decrease on total valuation of $36,981

The tabulated returns show that there are in the county horses whose total assessed value is $354,144, average, $21 08, cattle, $120,221, average, $7.30, mules, $31,709; average, $23 26, sheep, $5 634, average, $1 01, hogs, $15,481, average, $2 01. Value of all kinds of grain, $180,573. Total assessed value of all personal property, $2,060,883

LANDS IN COUNTY.

Improved lands, acres, 358,051, average value per acre, $15 55, total, $5,568 096

Unimproved land, acres, 8,962, average value, $7 82, total, $70,089 grand total, $5,638,185

TOWN AND CITY LOTS

Improved lots, total, 6,881; average value, $338.56; total, $2,330,689

Unimproved lots, total, 4,305, average value $36.30, total, $156 660. Grand total, $2,487,349

Total, lands, lots and personal, $10,186,417

In 1873 the total assessment in Macon county was $18 364,897, in 1874 it was over $18 000,000, in 1876, over $15,000,000, in 1877, over $13,000,000 in 1879, over $9,000,000, in 1892, over $9,856,195

THE VOTE WAS 54 TO 6

National Commissioners' Verdict on Closing the World's Fair.

The advocates of Sunday closing of the World's Fair scored a point at the meeting of the National Commission held yesterday at Chicago when this resolution was adopted by a vote of 54 to 6:

Resolved, By the World's Columbian commission that the ruling now being enforced by the World's Columbian Exposition, a corporation under the laws of the state of Illinois, for the purpose of opening the gates of the Exposition on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, has not been approved by this commission and it is in violation of the rule jointly adopted and promulgated by said exposition and said commission, and is being enforced without the assent or authority of the World's Columbian commission.

Hon. Lafayette Funk, of McLean county, was one of the six commissioners who voted in the negative.

Sales of Real Estate.

Henry A. Wood to Adoniram J. Wood, lots 11 and 12 in block 15 of Wood's subdivision of Gulick's addition to Decatur—$900

Albert Barnes to Niantic Coal Co., coal rights in the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of 12, 16, 1 west—$1

Geora A. Andrews to J. H. Oren, lot 7 in block 8 in Crowder & Cornthwait's addition to Decatur—$250.

Lizzie J. Wood to Joseph Grass, lot 1 in block 3 in George F. Wessels' addition to Decatur—$2,900

Joseph Grass to Lizzie J. Wood, lot 6 in block 1 in E. B. Durfee's First addition to Decatur—$1,500

Milo J. Thomas to Charles W. Thomas, deed to 5 acres in 9, 15, 1 east—$250

W. M. Catto to Branson Frazier, 85 acres in Long Creek—$5 250

Olivia M. Frazier to W. M. Catto, a lot on North Morgan—$1,400

J. C. Hostetler to Albert Barnes, quit claim to lot 5, block 8, Higgins' addition—$56

J. A. Montgomery to John Newsham, deed to 160 acres in Blue Mound township—$12 800

DIED.

On June 8, at the family residence, corner West Packard and Church streets, of consumption, Mrs. Frances McDonald, aged 26 years.

At the farm, near Forsyth, June 8, James Keagle, aged 40 years

Deceased leaves a widow and a child two months old. The burial took place at Mt. Pulaski.

At the family home at Blue Mound, June 8, of consumption, Mrs. Samuel House, widow of Samuel House.

At 1245 East Orchard street, July 9, at 1:20 p. m., of cholera infantum, Clarence Prescott, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Prescott, aged four months

The child was the infant found on a doorstep in the northern part of the city a few months ago. It was adopted by Mr. Prescott. Until Saturday it was in the enjoyment of good health and was quite playful. It was taken suddenly ill and died Sunday afternoon

GEN. LORD WOLSELEY before he would accept a peerage stipulated that the title should descend to his only child, Frances Wolseley. The favor is one seldom granted to the English nobility

THAT PENSION MYSTERY

Opening of the Remarkable Case of the Alleged Veteran, Wm. C. Newby

The trial of Daniel Benton alias William C. Newby, for attempting to obtain a government pension by fraudulent means, began in the United States district court at Springfield yesterday before Judge Allen. The prisoner has four counsellers, and District Attorney Shutt is assisted by John Drennan in prosecuting the case.

A. M. Wilson, an attorney at McLeansboro, Ill., testified that he drew up the papers for a pension, which the defendant signed as William C. Newby.

Mrs. Bettie Fudge, Willis Sawyer, John Sawyer and A. T. Tartington, all residing near Nashville, Tenn., swore that the defendant was Daniel Benton, whom they had known since boyhood, and that they had not the slightest doubt as to his identity.

Something of a sensation was caused by the arrival in the city of Mrs. Daniel Benton, of Tennessee, who claims the defendant as her husband, and is positive as to her title to him. Mrs. William C. Newby is equally positive that the defendant is her husband, and, as the two disagree, there is a good deal of doubt in the public mind as to what it all means. The trial will occupy a number of days

THE OFFICE IS OPEN

Taking Recruits for Service in the United States Army

To-day the recruiting office for members of the Second United States Calvary, stationed in New Mexico and Arazona, was opened in the Ullrich building, second floor, room at west end of the hall. It will be continued indefinitely, with Sergeant W. T. Simpson, Trumpeter Albert Vankelst and Private J. H. Walters in charge. Quite a number of applications have already been made by young men who want a taste of regular army life. The term of enlistment is for five years, with the privilege of retiring at the end of three years. The pay for privates is $13 to $18 per month, according to years of service. Officers receive more pay. Everything needful for comfortable living is provided by the government. The maximum height is 5 feet 10 inches, weight, 165 pounds; minimum height, 5 feet 4 inches. Each recruit must pass a satisfactory moral, physical and mental examination. As soon as three or more recruits are accepted they will be sent to Springfield, thence on to Arizona and New Mexico. Sergeant Simpson has been in the service 10 years. He says that the Indians are few and peaceable, and that the real purpose of receiving recruits is to keep up the army to form a nucleus for successful fighting in case of trouble with a foreign country.

CORBETT-JACKSON

The White and Black Contest to Come Off in June of Next Years.

CHICAGO, June 11.—To-night James J. Corbett and Parson Davies acting for Peter Jackson, signed articles for a fight between Jackson and Corbett to come off in June, 1894, for the largest purse obtainable and a side bet of $10,000, the winner to take everything

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kennelly on Tuesday, June 27th, a daughter.

H. M. Osborne, of Vicksburg, Miss., is in the city visiting his uncle, T. J. Osborne

Mrs. M. E. Elliott, of Hiawatha, Kansas, daughter of the late Mat Turpin, is in the county visiting relatives and friends. The lady has been a reader of the REPUBLICAN for twenty years, and called Saturday to renew her subscription. Accompanied by her three daughters, Mrs. Elliott spent three weeks at the World's Fair. Mrs. E. was born and raised in Mt. Zion township. Life in Kansas has agreed with her and her family. The mother weighs nearly 200 pounds, and the daughters, whose ages are 17, 19 and 21, are counterparts of Mrs. Elliott in size, weight and amiability. Truly Kansas is a great state

The Iowa Cyclone.

The family of C. Ruehl have not received word from Mr. Ruehl since the recent storm in the vicinity of Storm Lake, Iowa, although they have received a telegram from Ernest Ruehl in which he states that he has telegraphed to his father but has received no reply.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

KEEP COOL!

The proper way to keep cool is to provide yourself with suitable clothing. Our stock of Hot Weather Clothing and Furnishings for this season is the largest and [illegible] we have ever shown.

Keep Cool Make [illegible] Vests,

In [illegible] Drap d'ete [illegible] Worsted materials. Black, Blue and Tan Shades, in slim, stout, extra long and regular make.

Fancy Vests,

In Silk, Worsted and Wash Goods, double and single breasted.

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY,

in Endless Variety.

Negligee Shirts,

Laundried Half Laundried and SOFT

STRAW HATS

A complete Line, in All the Latest Braids

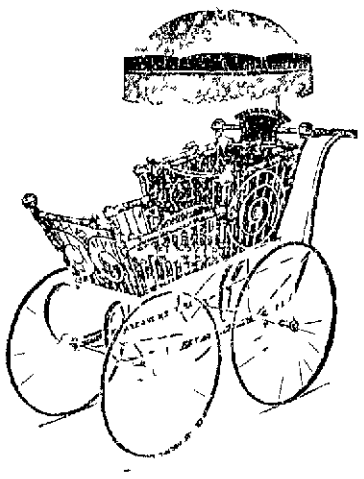
CHEAP CHARLEY.

Special Baby Buggy Sale.

DO YOU NEED A BUGGY?

We are selling them so cheap that you will want to buy whether you need one or not. Having bought a large stock at a Clearance Sale, we are selling Buggies for less Money than other dealers Buy them

WE WILL SELL THEM ON EASY PAYMENTS. Come and make your selections while the assortment is complete.



5 Buggies to select from These goods are all fresh and new, and of the Latest Designs.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO.,

240--248 East Main St.

PILLSBURY'S BEST IS THE BEST

ASK FOR IT BUY NO OTHER

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts.

THE IOWA CYCLONE.

The Worst Reports From Thursday Night's Storm

MORE THAN JUSTIFIED BY THE FACTS

The Beautiful Town of Pomeroy Literally Wiped Out of Existence and the Long List of Human Casualties Constantly Growing

The Cyclone at Pomeroy

[illegible]

[illegible] o'clock. A half hour before this it was exceedingly hot [illegible] and sive for a few small [illegible] there was no [illegible] of the approaching whirlwind. For [illegible] there was a lull of few minutes duration and it was followed by a terrific rainstorm which continued intermittently more or less the night and the day. The path of the storm was about one eighth of a mile in width and two miles long. In death list of the county is heavy. In many of the surrounding towns report many casualties. Fairfield in Cherokee county is telling the total number of dead [illegible] [illegible] other [illegible] two dead. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Farmers, Attention!

WE HAVE

500 PAIRS OF PLOW PANTS at $1.00 A PAIR which we warrant not to rip.

100 DOZ. WORKING SHIRTS, SPECIAL GOOD VALUE, at 50c apiece.

100 DOZ. OVERALLS, GOOD MATERIAL AND Easy Fitting, made on Pants Pattern, at 50c a pair.

100 DOZ. SWEET, ORR & CO.'S PANTALOON OVERALLS, in Blue Denim, Fancy Stripes and Plaids, at 75c a Pair.

300 PAIRS OF ALL-WOOL, STRICTLY FAST COLOR, PANTS, guaranteed to give satisfaction or we will replace with a new pair. These are Bargains, and go at $3.00 per pair.

OUR NEW STOCK

OF

Spring and Summer Clothing

IS NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

$40,000 worth to select from. Special attention is called to our Clay Worsted, 3-Button Cutaway Frock Suit. This suit is all wool, fast color, elegantly lined and flat bound, equal to the finest Merchant Tailors' work, and makes an elegant wedding or fine dress suit. Our price is $16.50, and we challenge the world on it.

COME AND SEE US.

B. Stine Clothing Co.

LINK CUFF BUTTONS,

The Popular and Fashionable Button for Gentlemen.

Large Variety in Attractive Patterns.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

Jewelers.

LOCAL NEWS.

HENRY F. DAY has been appointed postmaster at Macoupin to succeed Mrs. Jennie Sipes.

MRS. MARGARET SPEARS of this city, has been granted an original pension through the agency of W. Shea.

SEE the Decatur Implement Co. for all kinds of [illegible] repairs. Feb 16-tf

THOSE [illegible] on sale at Chenoweth's store are beauties. Buy them.

A NEW elevator is to be put in Linn & Scruggs' store, when the change in the arrangement of the store is completed.

IF you are afraid to be annoyed by sick headache and constipation, try DeWitt's Little Early Risers for these little pills will cure them. W. F. Neisler.

SULLIVAN NEWS: J. P. Eden has resigned his position at Chester and returned with his family to Sullivan. He was not given the position of superintendent of stables, which he thought he had reason to expect, but was assigned to guard duty which did not prove to be much to his liking.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures burns. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures all sores.

THE Central Illinois Conference of the U. B. church will convene in Decatur on Sept. 7. Bishop J. W. Holt, of Dayton, W. Va., will preside. The reverend gentleman has recently traveled in Palestine and during the session of the conference he will deliver a lecture and perhaps two concerning his travels in that country.

MAROA NEWS: "The largest land sale in this vicinity for some time was that made on Monday week, when W. M. Phares disposed of his large farm southwest of Maroa, to James Maynil. Consideration $19,400. Possession given March 1st, 1894. Mr. Phares at present has no definite plans as to future investment.

BLUE GRASS Carriage Shop, one block east of Shellabarger's mill, Cerro Gordo street, has a fine line of Surreys, Buggies, Road and Spring Wagons. Do a general line of repairing, repainting, overhauling, &c. Come and see this line of new work and get rock bottom prices. april7-d&wtf

THE University of Illinois at Champaign is to have another fine building. The legislature appropriated $160,000 to erect and equip a college of engineering. The faculty have decided to expend $110,000 for the building. A prize of $500 is offered for the best design, $300 for second, $200 for third, and $100 for fourth. Only architects who are graduates of the university will be allowed to compete.

WEARERS of russet shoes will be interested in a prescription for keeping them—the shoes—clean and bright, given out by a confirmed wearer of the bilious-looking footgear. "With a piece of nice, ripe banana, I cannot only keep russet shoes clean, but I can keep them polished as well. I simply take a piece of banana and grease the leather with it, and then polish with a cloth. In this way all the discolorations are removed and a polish is obtained."

LITTLE vegetable health producers: DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure malarious disorders and regulate the stomach and bowels which prevents headache and dizziness. W. F. Neisler.

BISHOP H. M. TURNER, of Atlanta, Ga., in charge of the missions of the African Methodist Episcopal church, who has just returned from Liberia, is in Louisville, Ky. He said recently that he did not believe there was any future for the negro outside of Liberia, and before long there will be a great exodus of blacks now in America to that country. He is the representative of the Liberian government in America, and desires that the United States shall protect the African republic against the encroachments of the French.

A CARBONDALE man who has been hoarding up his money until he is now worth some $40,000, has decided to spend the remainder of his days scattering sunshine. He is 65 years old and has laid away $15,000 to keep him the remainder of his days—estimating $1,000 a year until he is 80 years old and proposes to each year now give away to needy and deserving poor until he has brought his wealth down to the stated notch. He says that up to this date but few have reason to be thankful that he has lived, but in the future his name shall not be associated only with miserly deeds. When he dies no distant relatives will fight over his cash—he himself is going to distribute where it will do good.

Wedding.

Monticello *Republican:* Married, in the circuit clerk's office, by Rev. J. F. Wohlfarth, July 5, Mr. Scott Crook, of Decatur, and Miss Ida Grason, of Cerro Gordo. Miss Ida is the only daughter of Capt. William Grason. As a matchmaker, Circuit Clerk Hughes stands high. The only charge he makes for his services is an invitation to the wedding and a chance to kiss the bride.

Going to Europe.

Prof. J. J. Wilkinson, who has been principal of the Decatur High School, has resigned his position at the Lincoln school at Springfield. He will go to Germany to further complete his education.

IGNORANCE of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation and biliousness. W. F. Neisler.

LETTER FROM CAPT. STODDARD.

Life in New Mexico as Told by a Decatur Man—Fine Climate for Sick People.

Capt. C. C. Stoddard, of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, who is salesman at Linn & Scruggs' store, who went west some months ago for the benefit of his rapidly failing health, sends the REPUBLICAN the following cheery letter:

EAST LAS VEGAS, N. M., July 5.

EDS. REPUBLICAN: I am now at Harvey's Ranch, 25 miles southwest of Las Vegas, nearly 1000 feet high. Leaving Las Vegas about 7 o'clock in the morning, we reach the Hot Springs at the Montezuma Hotel at about 8 o'clock. This hotel is the finest hotel by between Chicago and California, and is located in a beautiful canon, five miles from the town, where the hot springs, forty in number, come boiling to the surface. The Montezuma hotel is controlled and operated by the A. T. & S. F. R. R. and they spare no means to make it pleasant and comfortable for its many patrons who go there from all parts of the continent. If I mistake not Mr. W. H. Linn has visited the place, and will no doubt bear me out in the above statement. After leaving the springs, we wind over and around the mountain, the scenery of which is unsurpassed anywhere, the mountain being properly named the "Rocky." After traversing the mountain for 20 miles we at last arrive at Harvey's carriage house. We are now five miles from the ranch, just over one mountain. At the carriage house is a corral and the boys have 17 burros or pack mules, there waiting to take our baggage and all the passengers over the mountain. After the stage is put into the house and the burros all properly packed and cinched we start. Such a sight! All following one after the other, only stopping to get a moment's rest and then on we go; at some points along the travel you think it impossible to get over, the trail probably being only 14 inches wide, and you look down and for a thousand feet a man sees nothing but solid rock, almost perpendicular. This makes your hair straighten out and up for one misstep and all would be over, and over the mountain as well, but the little animals are very sure footed. We had one party in our crowd whose legs were so long he had to double them up to keep them from dragging. Well, we are now at the ranch. We meet Mr. and Mrs. Harvey who at once add us to their list of guests, do everything for our comfort and enjoyment. Mr. Harvey at one time was a big merchant in Boston, and their family being in poor health came out here in the mountains 11 years ago and at once adapted themselves to the surroundings; set to work and with the aid of two sons and Mexican help, built a number of log houses. The logs are quaking asp, peeled and are as white and pretty to-day as they were when first built. Lumber is a scarce article and hard to get up in the mountains. Instead of one large hotel, as one would think, they have 20 or 25 houses for the guests, but all eat in one large dining room; and if there was ever a table loaded with the luxuries of life, their table is surely one of them. They know just what to prepare and how to prepare it. They milk 14 cows and we have good rich milk, and it isn't skimmed either, all we can drink. On each end of the table is a gallon pitcher full of good thick cream, and plenty more where that came from. I make mention of the table, as you know it is a very essential element in gaining strength. I have gained six pounds myself and have only been here three weeks. The climate is indeed grand, I think better here than at Las Vegas. The altitude is higher and no winds, nor sand blowing, to make it disagreeable. In fact I think the ranch is the natural sanitarium of the United States. There is no malaria, no excessive heat of summer nor cold of winter. The air is pure, dry, rarified, and highly electrified—a certain cure for consumption, if the disease be taken in time. The latitude is about the same as that of the central part of Tennessee, while the altitude is nearly 10,000 feet. The combination gives a peculiar but most happy result in the winter; during the day the thermometer seldom falls, in the shade, below 40 degrees, while it often rose in the sunshine to 65 degrees, or even more. On the other hand, in the summer, the heat is never oppressive in the shade, and no night is too warm for comfortable sleep under one or two blankets. The sun will shine 9 days out of every 10 the year round. This with the extreme dryness of the air, caused by the very slight precipitation of moisture, the reservoir aroma rolling down from the pine-clad mountains, and the large amount of electricity in the air, and the consequent ozone, resulting from the altitude—these all conspire to produce an atmosphere which is a balm to all diseases of the respiratory organ. And the health part is not all by any means. Of course there are no buggies or wagons up here for they can't use them and consequently we travel on burros, and through the kindness of our host these burros are driven into the corral and they are then at once disposed to go and come at will. Should a party of 15 or 20 go to the river, the Gallinas river being only 1½ miles from here, our good natured landlady, Mrs. Harvey, will prepare "grub" for us and we pack it on a burro and return when we get tired. Game is very plentiful, consisting of mountain grouse, deer, turkey and some bear, but we don't care to hunt the latter. In fact this place for climate, health and pleasure is unsurpassed.

Mr. P. Nolen, one of Dr. Catto's patients, has spent a great deal of his time here, and is a different man, physically, than when he left Macon county. I saw the name of Frank Webb's brother, Robert Webb, on the register; also the name of Mrs. Hight, of Macon. We have about thirty guests here; some from Maine, Iowa, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Missouri, Minnesota and Indiana—all here for their health. They call us lungers, or tender feet. There is a young man here from Bloomington by the name of Timmer, who came eight months ago. He was carried up here on a burro, and was, as everybody thought, past the point of recovery; but to-day he is a stout-looking man, able to do a day's work with any Mexican. The comical feature with Mr. Timmer is that a wealthy Mexican, who owns probably 18 or 20 burros, has promised him his daughter, if he is a sound man in one year from the time he came; and he is using every effort to win the dark-featured damsel.

I am gaining in strength, and hope to return to my home in a few weeks.

Yours truly, C. C. STODDARD,
East Las Vegas, N. M.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

Two Children Killed On the Railroad Track.

From Thursday's Daily.

This forenoon near Springfield the east bound passenger train struck and killed a little girl. The child was sitting at the side of the track as the train approached. She got up presumably to get out of the way. As she arose she was struck on the head by the step of the mail car and instantly killed. The body was sent back to Springfield and the train came on through to Decatur. The name of the child could not be learned.

Hugo Menzel, aged 4 years and 6 months, son of a miner of Lincoln, was cut to pieces by a P., D. & E. excursion train at the east coal shaft Tuesday evening at Lincoln. It is thought that the child was asleep on the track.

The 12-year-old daughter of Mrs. Riley Dean was run over by the Southwestern west bound limited at Pana last evening. The girl saved the life of her little brother, but in her effort her right leg was cut off at the hip and the left one was crushed. She died in one hour and a half after the accident.

Funeral of Mrs. John Wickline.

Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of John Wickline, died Wednesday, July 5th, at the family residence near Warrensburg, aged 81 years, 1 month and 12 days. Mrs. Wickline was born in Juniata county, Pa., and came to Illinois with her husband in 1868. She was the mother of seven children, five of whom are living. She had been a faithful and consistent christian for many years, and though greatly afflicted for some time, bore her sufferings uncomplainingly. She was a member of the Church of God, and was one of the seven which comprised the first organization of the church at Warrensburg in 1871. The funeral was held at 1 o'clock Thursday at the house, conducted by Elder Berkstresser, assisted by Elders Smith and Ritchie, after which the remains were taken to Boiling Springs cemetery for burial.

The Batchelder Estate.

The will of the late Samuel E. Batchelder, who died at his home in Illini township, was filed for probate in the county court Friday. The sole executor is John C. Batchelder, son of the deceased, whose bond is $10,000, with James Millikin and O. B. Gorin as sureties. All of the personal property and the home place goes to the widow, Sarah M. Batchelder; also $5000 life insurance. There are about 500 acres, and all of the land except what is given to the widow, is bequeathed to Augusta B. Eaton, Katherine M. Brown, Abby W. Batchelder and John C. Batchelder. John is given 22 head of fat cattle. The witnesses of the will, which was executed Jan. 30, 1893, were D. C. Corley, H. F. Ehrman and J. H. Durfee.

White Bonanza Oats.

Supervisor Nowlin, of Austin township, brought to town this morning a sample of twenty acres of White Bonanza oats now growing on his farm. The stalks he brought in will average about 3½ to 4 feet in height and are large and strong. The heads are long and full, with every indication that the berry will be large and plump. Quite a number of farmers sent for this oats, about three years ago, and since that have been developing the seed. If the crop on Mr. Nowlin's farm is a fair sample of what this oats will do, it will certainly become popular with our farmers.

Endorsement.

EDS. REPUBLICAN: I desire to voice what I think is the real sentiment of a big majority of Macon county's citizens, in expressing to the Rev. N. M. Baker our thorough appreciation and profound gratitude for his calmly discriminating, cogent and patriotic open letter published in your issue of July 3d, and also to yourself, sir, for giving it such generous space in your valuable journal. All who have not already done so, should carefully read it. It is manly, strongly and clearly stated, and conclusive in argument. Yours truly, "G. A. R."

Births.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cosgrove, of East Marietta street, Thursday, July 6—a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Krause, at their home on North Railroad Avenue, Thursday, July 6—twin daughters.

To Constable and Mrs. W. W. Conard, Thursday, July 6, at their home one mile east of Decatur—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Kirk, of South Siegel street, Wednesday, July 5, a son.

Death of an Infant.

From Saturday's Daily.

Arnold E., the seven-months old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rohner, died last evening at 5 o'clock at the European Hotel, of spinal meningitis. The funeral will take place Sunday morning and the interment will be at Greenwood.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. King & Wood drug store. dm

WE could not improve the quality if paid double the price. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best Salve that experience can produce, or that money can buy.

CONTRACTS LET.

F. J. McDonald Will Do the Work for $2,900.94.

From Thursday's Daily.

A business meeting of the Decatur township Highway commissioners and a special committee from the county board was held yesterday afternoon at the office of Town Clerk Wallace to pass on bids submitted for building bridges in Decatur township. Sealed bids had been asked for repairing the bridge over Stevens' Creek on the Springfield road, the Spangler bridge, and for building new bridges over the north and south fork of Stevens' Creek in the northwest corner of section 4 of Decatur township. The commissioners had considered the idea of having the last two bridges built of iron, but when the bids were opened they changed their mind. F. J. McDonald offered to do all the work in wood for $2,900.94, and Thomas L. Antrim made a bid of $4,500 for wooden bridges.

Bids for iron bridges were submitted as follows: R. L. Miller, $2,350; Wrought Iron Bridge Co., $2,215; Wisconsin Bridge Co., $2,110; Bracket Bridge Co., $2,318; King Bridge Co., $2,263; McManis & Son, $2,296; Indianapolis Bridge Co., one bridge, $1,0 0; C. Mueller, $2,100; Toledo Bridge Co., $2,075, Wheelock & Co., $2,215; Massillon Bridge Co., $2,295. It was decided not to adopt iron bridges.

Contractor McDonald will have until Nov. 1 to finish the work.

The commissioners will see that more gravel roads are constructed this year.

There Was a Difference.

A well known skilled mechanic in Decatur remarked to a representative of the REPUBLICAN yesterday: "You remember J. V., who was a boot and shoe dealer in C.? I worked on the bench for him when he worked on the bench himself and had a stock, not all paid for, worth less than $2,000. I am still working on the bench and J. V. is now worth about $200,000. When I was still working for him he progressed until he could have a clerk. That clerk got for his services a half less than I was receiving as a workman. That clerk is now worth probably more than his former employer. The same opportunities were open for me that were open to these men. They had the courage to enter upon the opportunities and I had not. They have succeeded, if amassing a snug fortune may be called a success, while I have not. They made their money honestly through good judgment and careful management and I am glad they succeeded, but it shows just how some men succeed while others do not. The difference lies in the ability of some men to see advantages; men who have the courage to execute the suggestions of their judgment; men who are not over-conservative or over-cautious. No I never took many chances and, of course, I never got very much ahead. Yes, by the way, about eighteen months ago I found a woman here in Decatur who had a policy on her life which she was about to surrender. I asked her to transfer the policy to me, which she did. A short time ago she died and I am just about $1,000 ahead. I took a little risk in that case and was fortunate, but I had to wait on a human being to die before I was entitled to the money."

The Illinois Sons of Vets.

From Friday's Daily.

The annual state encampment of the Sons of Veterans at Belvidere is drawing to a close. The election of officers was held yesterday with the following result: Commander, C. G. Marsh, Oak Park; Senior Vice Commander, P. A. Durant, Aurora; Junior Vice Commander, A. B. Garrett, Murphysboro; Division Council, J. V. Grimes, Springfield; J. R. Jordan, Peoria; Will Jenkins, Chicago; Delegate-at-Large, J. B. Cutter, Camp Point; Alternate, C. L. Davenport, Reynolds.

The Ladies' Aid society also held its annual election, choosing the following officers for the ensuing year: President Miss Maggie Home; Vice President, Miss Mary Williamson; Division Council, Sisters Warner, George and Clute; Division Delegate, Mrs. C. T. Spackman. General Abbott, of Chicago, presented Mrs. C. T. Spackman with a gold badge in recognition of the service rendered the society by Mrs. Spackman, as president, for the year just ended.

The division drill prize was taken by J. L. Crane Camp, Springfield, which camp also captured many of the individual prizes. Had Decatur Camp been at Belvidere Springfield would have had no show.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

The Christian Endeavor convention in session at Montreal, Canada, is a significant gathering. It represents a total enrollment for the world of 26,284 local societies with a membership of over a million and a half. It represents also a religious convention in which there is an utter absence of denominationalism and in this respect presents a spectacle which means a broader Christianity, and consequently a more practical Christianity than has ever before been presented to the world. Another significant thing is the fact that, in the Catholic city of Montreal, the convention was made welcome by a Catholic mayor in which he stated that "the battle is no longer one of creeds but one of belief against unbelief."

ALL that honesty, experience and skill can do to produce a perfect pill, has been employed in making DeWitt's Little Early Risers. The result is a specific for sick headache, biliousness and constipation. W. F. Neisler.

A NEW SYSTEM.

Telegraphy for Moving Trains May Prevent Accidents.

The railroad men are all talking of the latest invention which tends to the improvement of the railway service and the lessening of accidents. This is a system of telegraphy by which telegrams can be sent to moving trains at any point. It has been tested lately and found to be highly satisfactory. One railroad man in this city said yesterday that it would have the undoubted effect of reducing the number of accidents of the collision order. By its use an operator at a station can talk to an operator on board the train at any point on the road and warn the latter of impending danger. There have been several such inventions, one by an old Peoria county man, but none of them thus far seem to have been of much practical use. It is said that this latest one, however, can be used on any road and that the success is an assured fact. It is to be hoped that it will prove so, as accidents are all too frequent now.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. W. F. Neisler.

SENATOR VOORHEES is growing stout.

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

William Wempen's Team Runs Away and Causes Injury.

Montezuma Citizen.

On Thursday afternoon when William Wempen and daughter, Miss Tillie, and Miss Carrie Smith, were going to their home northeast of town their team was frightened and ran away. Mr. Wempen was holding the reins, but Miss Tillie in an excitable moment pulled one of the reins and turned the team into the big ditch near the Samuel Miller farm, one mile east of town. The wagon was overturned and Mr. Wempen was made unconscious by striking her head upon the earth, and was very much bruised and scratched. Miss Smith was injured in the chest. J. Hammil was coming to town and was near the spot at the time and unharnessed one of his horses and hurried on and called Dr. W. P. Buck, who went out immediately. When he arrived Miss Wempen had regained her faculties, but was suffering. She was taken to the home of Samuel Miller near by. Miss Smith came to town and went to the home of the Misses Gilliland where she was well cared for. Mr. Wempen was not hurt, only slightly shaken up, but was held to the ground by the wagon until Mr. Hammil came to his rescue. The injuries received by the two young ladies seem to be quite serious.

Miss Smith, whose residence is in Decatur, is too badly hurt to be brought home at present.

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

It is given out that if the army bill passes, Emperor William will visit the World's Fair.

THE Democratic party would be "reversed by its victims" if the polls were open for a little while just now.

HON. JOSEPH MEDILL, of the Chicago *Tribune*, has returned to Chicago from quite an extended sojourn at his winter residence in California.

THE Infanta Eulalia has arrived at home and expressed herself as much gratified over the splendid reception accorded her in the New World.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND went out fishing yesterday and the striking miners in Kansas, whose wages were to be raised, went to work yesterday at reduced wages.

THE Democratic leaders are doing all in their power to induce the country to help them forget that the McKinley law was "the culminating atrocity of class legislation" before the last election.

A PROMINENT Democrat from Illinois township a few days ago told a man connected with the REPUBLICAN that so far as he knew there were only two Democrats in his township who endorsed Altgeld's course in pardoning the anarchists.

THE South Carolina liquor law, by which the state became the sole dispenser under certain conditions of intoxicating liquors, has been declared unconstitutional by one of the circuit courts of that state. The decision, if it is sustained, will give the state free dramshops.

SOME vandals have disfigured the statue of P. T. Barnum, the show man, recently unveiled in Sea Side Park, Bridgeport, Conn., with red paint. It is not unlikely that this has been done by some of the freaks Barnum, in his lifetime, disfigured to "humbug the public."

ST. LOUIS *Globe-Democrat*: The Wall street bears are trying to make a case of cancer out of a toothache. Anxiety about Mr. Cleveland's health is the reverse of flattering to Vice-President Stevenson. And yet the people of the country take great interest in Mr. Cleveland's health at the present time. They want him to be very robust.

UPON hearing of Jerry Simpson's scheme to elect him speaker, Julius C. Burrows sent the following to the Washington *Post*:

Regarding your telegram, will say that my friend, Jerry Simpson, has been suspected of entertaining some strange delusions, but this last reported hallucination will, I fear, expose him to the charge of lunacy.

JERRY SIMPSON, whose worst enemy is his mouth, has revealed a plot on the part of the silverites to defeat Crisp for speaker. The plan which he thinks will succeed is for the opposition to Crisp to unite with the Republicans and elect Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan. This would require at least 45 votes from the accredited opposition to the Republicans to succeed, which buries Jerry's proposition at sight. In the second place Mr. Burrows would not prefer honors on that kind of a platter.

A DECATUR workingman who did not commit the folly of voting for free trade to get his wages raised, yesterday told the following good story: "When the Joliet steel mills shut down, some of the men waited upon the manager to beg him to keep the mills open, saying: 'What will we live on next winter, if the mills are closed?' The manager thought for a moment, and then replied: 'You will have to live on the roosters you wore in your hats when you jollified over the result of the election.'"

THE Democrats estimate that out of the 128 Republican members of the house, not more than eight will vote against the repeal of the Sherman law. If the Republicans were in the majority in congress the country would not be alarmed over the probability that the silver-purchase clause of the Sherman act might not, after all, be repealed, or if repealed that a worse law might be enacted. The only assurance the people have of relief lies in the fact that congress is not solidly Democratic.

THE death of Justice Blatchford will soon be followed by a discussion as to his probable successor. It is hardly necessary to suggest that Walter Q. Gresham's name will not be seriously considered in this connection, for the reason that his brilliant career as Secretary of State, renders it improbable that Cleveland and the country could spare him from that position. Just at this time however his whereabouts are unknown. The last heard of him was that he had bought a ticket in Washington to Chicago and return.

THE coal miners strike at Leavenworth, Kas., has been declared off, and the men have returned to work at the reduced wages which were rejected and made the basis of the strike. The truth must be accepted, sooner or later, that under the present administration there will be no raise in wages; but on the contrary a continued lowering of wages. The Leavenworth strikers, in the six weeks they were out, lost $67,500. That is to say it cost them that much to discover that the people who promised big wages at the election of a Democratic administration would be raised were the foes of the workingmen.

Don't Whistle Too Soon.

The Decatur *Review* does not seem willing to admit that the Sherman silver law was forced upon the country as a temporary measure to defeat a free coinage law advocated by the Democrats and silver-state Republicans. Senator Sherman has repeatedly stated this to be the case, and he is supported in the statement by others who were in the conference committee; and the country is probably as ready to accept the word of Senator Sherman and his colleagues as true as that of a lot of campaigners who promised the people that in case of the election of a Democratic congress and president that wages would be increased and business would take a boom. But why does the *Review* persist in discussing the question as to whether the Sherman silver law was or was not the result of the free and untrammeled judgment of Senator Sherman and other Republicans, when they subsequently tried to repeal the law and the Democrats refused to help them? The Republicans are on record as being in favor of its repeal, and the Democrats are on record as opposed to its repeal. If congress were composed of a majority of Republicans, President Cleveland would not have hesitated to call them together to repeal the law; but being composed of a large majority of Democrats, he was afraid to call them together, because he had no confidence in their ability or their honesty of purpose touching the financial question. He was afraid they were still in favor of free silver and would bring additional trouble upon the country if he called them together. He was, however, in spite of his fears, forced to call congress together, on account of the business of the country becoming more alarming. He is depending on the Republicans to give substantially a solid vote in favor of the repeal of the silver purchase clause of the Sherman law. He don't know what the Democrats will do. He hopes to be able to control them. Three weeks ago he was satisfied that his party in congress was opposed to repeal, and they are opposed to it today unless repeal can be followed with a free silver or wild cat bank law. Left to themselves, the present Democratic congress in special session, would put the country in a more deplorable condition than it is, and they will do it unless the majority of them can be controlled by the president and outvoted by the Republicans, and the few honest money Democrats in congress. The *Review* should understand that this is no time to discuss who passed the Sherman silver purchase law. The question is whether enough honest Democrats in congress can be secured to vote with the Republicans to make a majority to repeal it, and no man is certain at this time that this can be done; and if it is done a question still lies beyond this, namely, has the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver per month produced all the trouble the country is passing through, or is it the threats of the Democratic party to rip up protection and abolish reciprocity, and bring about general economic revolution, that has frightened capital and brought disaster upon us?

A Chicago Lawyer's Mistake.

That mob law is dangerous and indefensible from any point of view in communities where the general laws can be enforced no one disputes. But if there were lacking anything to show the danger surrounding a resolution on the part of any number of citizens, contravening the courts by attempting to become the executors of law themselves, it may be found in the lynching of the man Miller at Bardwell, Ky., last Friday, who it is now known was not guilty of the crime for which he was lynched. It was a most ridiculous spectacle, even if it had been conclusively shown after the lynching that the man was guilty, inasmuch as the lynchers first intended to burn the victim to death but changed their minds at the last moment, concluding to hang him instead, because they were not certain that he was the person who killed the two girls. If there was a reasonable doubt which prevented them from carrying out their first resolution, the fact that they did not wait until that doubt was removed before they hung him, shows that their thirst for blood was greater than their desire to do justice. But while this places the people of Bardwell in a most ridiculous attitude, which shows that such methods should be condemned in every law-abiding community, the Chicago lawyer, John F. Geeting, who writes the governor of the state of Illinois asking him to demand satisfaction of the governor of Kentucky for executing a citizen of the state of Illinois, who was guilty of no crime, is much more ridiculous. The Kentucky mob was probably not composed of the more intelligent citizens, while the Chicago lawyer is supposed to be in possession of some mental training. The idea that one state may declare war upon another for an offense of any kind, if carried out, would bring about a worse state of things than all the lynchers that ever existed in the history of the government have done.

FOUR Pittsburg Grand Army Posts met last night and decided to take up the cases of the 125 pensioners who were dropped from the pension rolls of the Pittsburg agency, without explanation, by the pension department. These posts have employed Congressman William A. Stone as counsel and propose to test the matter in the courts and determine there whether the department has the power to peremptorily order a pension dropped without a hearing.

Sunday Opening.

That the Sunday opening of the World's Fair has proven an awkward failure is now admitted generally by the Chicago press. Monday the Chicago *Evening Journal* talked out plainly as follows:

Yesterday's attendance at Jackson Park proved conclusively that the working classes for whose benefit the gates have been thrown open on Sundays do not intend to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded them of spending their weekly holiday in the midst of the most beautiful works of art and architecture ever collated by human energy and genius. Yesterday the attendance was 43,523, including 2,644 children. It is true that this shows a decrease of only 5,233 from the record of the preceding Sunday, while the corresponding decrease for Saturday was 12,112, and the natural July drop observable in all exposition figures is noticeable throughout the week. But yesterday the *Journal* sent its reporters to all the public parks to observe if the working classes were avoiding these as they did the Exposition. Their report is that Lincoln, Humboldt, Garfield and Douglas Parks were never fuller than yesterday. The working classes fairly swarmed to those convenient free public resorts. At Washington Park, which lies just west of the Midway Plaisance entrance to the World's Fair, there was an ordinary midsummer Sunday attendance. Thousands rosmed and lounged about its groves and green meadows, with the broken roof line of the beautiful white city temptingly before their eyes, the great Ferris wheel revolving in the foreground and the gates open to all with 50 or 25 cents for a ticket. * * * There has been a full test of the sentiment of the working classes of Chicago on this subject. They have declared in the most significant manner possible that they do not demand that the World's Fair be open on Sunday. *Now let it be closed out of consideration for the scruples of those who affirmatively ask it.* Hereafter it will not be competent for the working classes to say that any of their rights or opportunities have been abridged by closing Jackson Park on Sunday. He who neglects to take advantage of his privileges when he may, can not complain if they are removed beyond his reach when he would.

Coincidences of Politics and Trade.

Chicago *Inter-Ocean*: It is worthy of note that from and including the year 1875 until now the only seasons in which the balance of trade has been against the United States have been affected by democratic administrations.

The lowest balance in our favor between 1875 and 1883 was $25,902,683 in 1882: in 1885 the Democrats coming into power March 4, and the fiscal year ending June 30, Republican policy had secured a favorable balance of $164,062,420. But the year ending June 30, 1885, the first of Cleveland's administration, showed no more than $44,088,094 in our favor; this fell to about $23,088,094 in our favor; this fell to about $23,000,000 in the next year. The year 1887 left us more than $28,000,000 in debt to foreign nations. But on the return of the Republicans to power in 1889 the balance again turned in our favor to the amount of more than $68,000,000, and in 1892, the last of Republican rule, it reached the vast sum of $202,857,686. The full reports for 1893 are not made up, but for the eleven months ending May 31, there appears the usual concomitant of Democratic ascendency, the balance against us being more than $81,000,000.

CHICAGO *Tribune*: At the meeting of the Amnesty association, composed of men who have been laboring for some years to secure the release of the anarchists, resolutions were adopted thanking Altgeld for their pardon. Some of the members denounced them as "too dry" and insisted that they should be made as "broad and courageous as the governor's document." But the meeting refused by a two-thirds vote to indorse Altgeld's attacks on Judge Gary or the supreme court, or his assumption that the anarchists, dead and living, were guiltless. That was one snub. Another was when Tommy Morgan, addressing Fielden, Schwab and Neebe, said "I hope they will make no more mistakes." Altgeld pardoned them because he did not believe they had made any. He did not look on Fielden's advice to "kill the law, stab the law, throttle the law" as a "mistake." He did not think Neebe made a "mistake" when he played with dynamite and distributed "Revenge" circulars. He did not think Schwab made a "mistake" when he cooperated with Spies and Parsons in their peculiar performances. Morgan thinks these things were "mistakes," and in saying so rebuked the governor who looked on such "mistakes" as amiable eccentricities of reformers who ought not not to be interfered with in their great work.

THERE are Democratic leaders and Democratic papers that are trying to make the people believe that all the present financial trouble is due to the silver-purchase clause of the Sherman law, and that the Republicans are alone responsible for the law, and that the president has called congress together to repeal the bad law. THE REPUBLICAN has repeatedly shown that the Democrats refused to join the Republicans in the repeal of the law last spring, and that Mr. Cleveland is now depending upon almost a unanimous vote of the Republicans to repeal it. Here is a bit of evidence to show that the president is right when he distrusts his own party: Congressman Epes, of the Petersburg, Va., district, has written a letter to the Petersburg chamber of commerce, in which he says "he cannot vote for the repeal of the Sherman law unless some compensating legislation is coupled with the repeal," which means that he will not vote to repeal the silver-purchase clause of the law unless a worse law is enacted in its stead.

THE ASIATIC PLAGUE.

Dr. Walter Kempster Gives the Result of His Studies on Prevention.

Dr. Walter Kempster, who for some time past has been traveling about as the accredited agent of the United States government for the study of cholera and its prevention, is approaching the completion of his voluminous and important report. His mission was mainly to study the means of preventing the disease. The investigation of its medical aspect was only a secondary point.

Speaking generally of the results of his investigation Dr. Kempster said: "The prevention of cholera is not a theory, but an absolute scientific certainty. To find out what the European powers are doing was one of my purposes. One of the most important objects was to investigate the commerce by which cholera germs might be imported to this country, to find so far as possible whence and how they might be brought, and what precautions would best prevent their coming. Many seaport towns were visited for this purpose. I traveled over a large part of Europe, went to Egypt and Turkey and visited the Ionian Islands. The superior system of the European powers for dealing with the matter is apparent. Appropriations which would be considered here very liberal are made to the schools and scientists who are best qualified to carry on the work.

"The home of cholera, as everybody knows, is in India. Every seventh year, when the Mohammedans indulge in their pilgrimage to Mecca, a wave of cholera is started abroad which reaches an important part of the world. No doubt their religious pilgrimages are praiseworthy from their moral point of view, but it is rather hard that the rest of the world, even as far off as America, should be made to suffer the effects of them. Great Britain holds the key to the situation. If she would restrain the pilgrims from coming across the Suez canal to Mecca there would be comparatively little danger of a cholera invasion of Europe. But her interests oppose such a solution of the problem. Her supremacy in India is assured only so long as she humors the religious customs of the natives."

Dr. Kempster holds that it is possible to keep the cholera from a city when the surrounding towns are tainted or to keep it from any house in an infected city. But the expense is great, and the trouble exceeds the expense. In illustration of this he told of a house in Hamburg which was barred from the outside world during the plague. All the provisions were taken in on a hooked pole, the food cooked at once and the wrappings burned. All inmates of the house escaped safely, although men were dropping down and dying in the streets outside. By proper precautions every physician who worked in the hospitals escaped the disease.

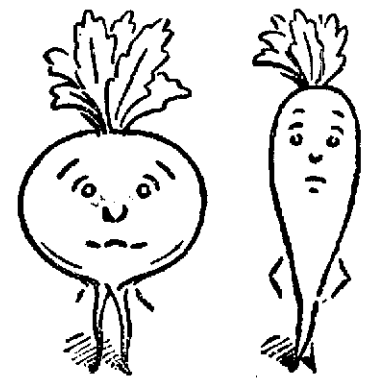
"Cholera must be eaten," remarked the doctor, putting it epigrammatically. "It cannot be absorbed or breathed. The germs must be taken into the stomach. If people realize this and govern themselves accordingly they can escape, in case the germs should reach this country.

An Example in Point.

The Springfield Iron company, of Springfield, has business relations with the Sombrereti Mining company, a Mexican concern. A day or two ago a bill was settled, the face of which amounted to $633.39, but on it exchange was paid at the rate of $1 54 on the $1, amounting to $342.03. The whole sum paid was therefore $975.42 to settle a bill of $633.39. This is an illustration of what would happen to the business interests of the United States in the event of the adoption of free coinage, which comes very near home.

SENATOR SHERMAN has taken occasion to deny the oft told and retold story, which charges that in the passage of the act of 1873 demonetizing silver, the clause demonetizing it was surreptitiously put into the bill by a conference committee of which the Senator was a member, and that the bill was passed with this conference amendment without anyone discovering the change. The story has been recently revamped by one James H. Platt, of Colorado, and the Senator's denial was directed to that gentleman. The Senator says: "The man ought to be hanged. He knows he is lying when he makes the statement he does, and covertly insinuates that honorable men, have been guilty of dishonest and scoundrelly acts." This is pretty strong language but it is the only kind that is adapted to the case. To assume that a report of a conference committee appointed from both branches of Congress, appointed to compromise a difference between the two houses on a bill, could be adopted without the members of each body knowing or not giving attention to what the committee did is supremely ridiculous. But demagogues, who are always the enemies of the people, will, with reference to this story, coined by themselves, as they do with reference to other falsehoods invented for the purpose of deception, continue to circulate it.

THE Secretary of State has issued a license to a company organized in Chicago to be known as the Illinois Mutual Marriage Benefit Association, organized for the purpose of enabling young unmarried persons to enter upon married life with sufficient means to promote their happiness and prosperity. This association, while it is unique, has entered upon a field which, if properly managed, may prove popular and helpful to many young people. The object is, by assessments and dues, to create a fund from which to pay those who are members when they enter matrimony a stipulated sum to begin married life with. Its object is much better than that of the organization formed for the purpose of buying coffins for its members to be used when death overtakes them.



PURELY VEGETABLE—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're a compound of refined and concentrated botanical extracts. These tiny, sugar-coated Pellets—the smallest and the easiest to take—absolutely and permanently cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick and Bilious Headaches, Dizziness, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels.

They cure *permanently*, because they act *naturally*. They don't shock and weaken the system, like the huge, old-fashioned pills. And they're more effective. One little Pellet for a corrective or laxative—three for a cathartic.

They're the *cheapest* pills you can buy, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the *good* you get.

For a perfect and permanent cure of Catarrh, take Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Its proprietors offer $500 reward for an incurable case.

MRS. J. C. DRAYTON has sailed for Europe and all the talk of a reconciliation between her and her husband has ceased. The exact whereabouts of J. A. Borrowe, the individual who caused the trouble, are unknown, but he does not show himself in any locality where Drayton is likely to see him. His quondam "second," Harry Vane Milbank, has been dead for several months.

PHILIPPA FAWCETT, who won such great distinction as senior wrangler at Oxford, has made her appearance on the platform. She spoke at Cambridge recently on "Home Rule."

NEW YORK has a population of working women reaching in round figures to about 300,000.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

MACHINIST—The Decatur Machine Works at 127 and 129 South Franklin street is now prepared to do all kinds and classes of machine work at reasonable prices. My machinery is all new. Give me a trial, please.
m20-d1f JOHN SEELBACH.

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, No. 142 North Water Street, over Abel's carpet house, Decatur Illinois. tuly13-d&wtf

HOT WEATHER BARGAINS.

THE FAIR

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis.

We have purchased a line of JEWELRY at about 35 Cents on the Dollar, which we will place at Lower Prices than ever offered for this class of goods.

Gold Rings for baby, 10c.
Gold Rings for Misses, 35c.
Ladies' Gold Rings, 50c.
Ladies' Gold Rings, 75c.
Ladies' Gold Set Rings, 25 to 50c.
Ladies' Stick Pins, 25c.
Ladies' Lace Pins, gold plate, 50 and 75c
Necklaces go for 50c.
Gold Collar Buttons, 10c.
Gold Cuff Buttons, 35 to 50c.
Gold Cuff Buttons, 75c.
Gents' Watch Chains, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

TINWARE DEPARTMENT.

Almost Giving Things Away.

Copper Bottom Wash Boiler, 75c.
Wash Basins, 7c.
Nickel Plate Teakettle, copper side, only 60c.

PAINTINGS AND FRAMES.

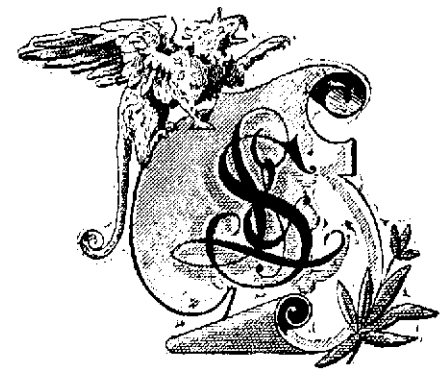
Handsome Picture Frame, a regular 50c one for 22c.
200 Oil Paintings, now $1.25.
125 Oil Paintings, now 75c
$1.00 Oleograph, now 75c.

Everything Goes a Flying at

THE FAIR

WEAVER & LEWIS,

159 East Main Street.



Linn & Scruggs

DRY GOODS & CARPET CO

Importers & Retailers. Decatur, Ill.

SPECIAL SALE

In Our Linen Department.

100 dozen Wash Rags, good size, worth 6c, at 3c.
45 doz. Turkish Towels, worth 12½c each; Sale price, 8 to 25c
50 doz. Satin Damask Towels, Knotted Fringe, size 20x44, worth 40c, at 25c.

SPECIAL SALE

In Our Toilet Department.

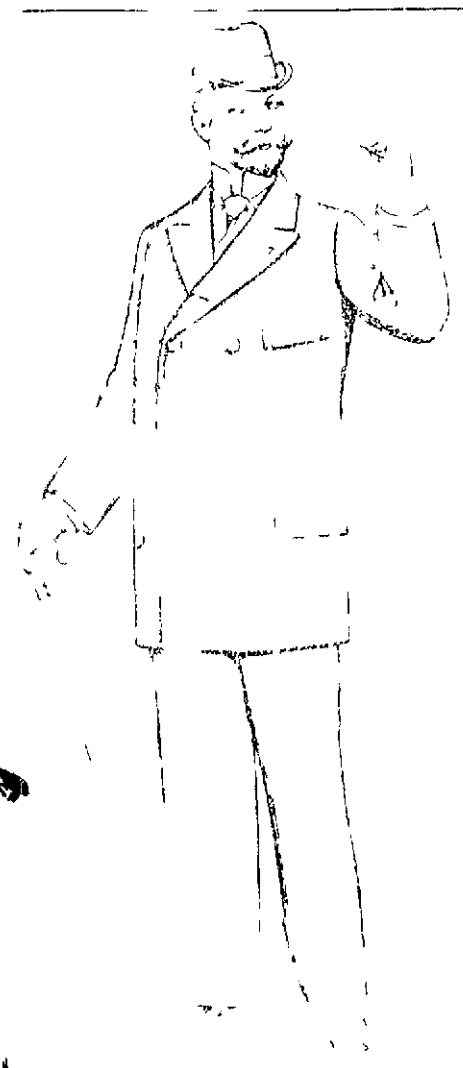
Colgate's Palm Toilet Soap.
Colgate's Turkish Bath Toilet Soap
Colgate's Reine Cocus Oel Soda Seife.
Fel's Farina Bouquet Toilet Soap.
Fel's Halifax Toilet Soap.
Fel's Sanitary Toilet Soap.
Fel's Turkish Bath Toilet Soap.

The above Toilet Soaps will be sold

6 CAKES FOR 25c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GEO. W. JONES & CO., 4 Doors West of Post Office.



DOWN TO BED ROCK!

OUR SPECIAL SALE

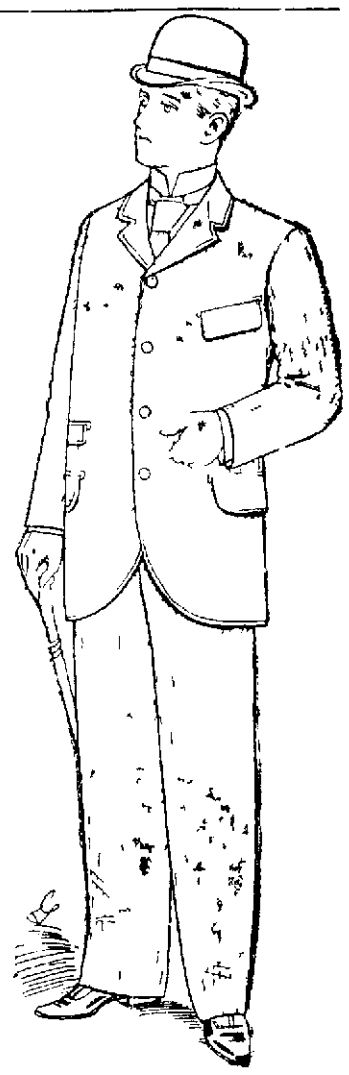
FOR THE MONTH OF JULY

IS A SUCCESS

On all Men's Suits at $9.90, worth $12 and $15, some worth $16.50. Men's Double-Breasted Sack and Cutaway Frock, Worsted, Cheviot and Cassimere.

This is the Last Chance you'll have this season to get OUR FINE SUITS FOR A FRACTION OF THEIR WORTH.

Come Early and get First Choice.



$12 SUIT, $9.90. **$9.90 A SUIT $9.90** $15 Suit $9.90.

The people of Macon County know we have these CLEARING SALES only twice a year. We are also giving REDUCED PRICES on Boys' and Children's Suits. Call and see for your own interest before close of sale, which positively closes August 1st ALL $12 AND $15 SUITS GO AT $9 90.

GEO. W. JONES & CO., Clothiers.

"WH COMRADES"

Union Bakers from Out of Town Thank Gov Altgeld for Lib rating Anarchists

The delegates to the Inter State Con ventio of the Bakers and Confectioners Union concluded their work at an early hour Sunday morning The session was held in Hunters Hall It was voted to keep up the state headquarters at Chicago A Keim of Chicago was re elected secretary, and Henry Weil treasurer The work of organizing local unions will be kept up with vigor The delegates in attendance were John Schindel Henry Lil L Sauler A Keim, N Holm Chles Picha John Miller and Henry Gie of Chicago J L Laws, of Quincy Lhard Kapping of Jacksonville Chas Gee of Aurora Charles Schneer of Madison, Wisconsin, Fred Wengartner of Milwaukee Henry Hopp of Peoria Bingsley of Bloomington

RESOLUTIONS

The following resolution was adopted in reference to Governor Altgeld's pardon of the anarchists

Resolved That we return our thanks to his excellency John P Altgeld governor of Illinois for the action of our comrade Neebe Samuel Fielden and M S Schwab in pardoning them after years of imprisonment for the crimes of which they were innocent

[illegible]

Mishow Case

[illegible]

The Famous Newby Case

The trial of the celebrated Newby case began in the United States court at Springfield to day, and last night a special train arrived from Fairfield with 800 White county people who are to attend the trial Four hundred of them are witnesses for the accused man, and every one of them will swear that he is William Newby The case is one of the most remarkable ever chronicled Wm Newby was a volunteer in the United States army from White county during the late war and at Shiloh was shot and supposed to be killed Recently the man now on trial appeared in White county and claimed to be Newby He had the marks of a wound where Newby had been shot, and he told such a straight story that Newby's companions in arms acknowledged him Newby's wife and mother and three children also claimed to recognize him The newly found Newby applied for a pension on the strength of his wound and was arrested by the Government authorities as a fraud The witnesses of the Government declare him to be Daniel Benton a Tennessee horse-thief known as "Tickety Dan" and among them are people who claim to have known him from childhood

Footing the Bill

The Illinois board of World's Fair commissioners is holding out against the payment of $10,000 advanced by the Chicago directory and fail to realize [illegible] the directory [illegible] to [illegible] and [illegible] director finds [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] nature [illegible] as a [illegible] spring It is here [illegible] Worcester board to pay them out of the general fund [illegible] members of the board declare it is a matter of nothing to do with the trade they did not authorize it [illegible] yesterday the board would not pay the bill unless it had to

One Cent a Mile for the G A R

[illegible] S L Lazarus, Chairman of the Committee on Transportation of the twenty seventh National Encampment of G A R yesterday reported to Executive Board [illegible] that he had been [illegible] the general passenger agents of all the railroads centering in Indianapolis to an [illegible] to offer for the G A R National Encampment to be held in Indianapolis September 4 to [illegible] the round [illegible] the encampment [illegible] have been granted [illegible] to Indianapolis [illegible] present indications are for a larger attendance than at any previous reunion of the Grand Army

RUST AND CHINCH BUGS

Condition of Illinois Crops for the Past Week

The temperature of the past seven days has been about the normal in the northern and central counties, while in the southern counties it ranged from 1 to 3 degrees above An average amount of sunshine prevailed during the week In the northern and in the western half of the central division, the rainfall for the week was generally in excess of a seasonable average and was beneficial to the growing crops In the other counties it was principally in the form of badly distributed showers, and was considerably below the normal, in many of the counties no rain fell

Wheat harvesting has been completed in the southern division, and much of it has been put in stack and some threshing has been done The reports indicate that the yield in this section will be less than was anticipated earlier in the season In the central division wheat will probably be all harvested the coming week So ne fields have been cut in the northern division In some of the central counties the yield will be poor as to quantity and quality the most discouraging reports come from Scott, Brown, Morgan and Cass counties Oats harvest is being pushed in extreme southern counties, and is finished in some localities This crop except in some sections where it is reported short, is generally an [illegible] there are some complaints of the [illegible] were lodged by the rain and high wind of July [illegible] Corn is generally reported in good condition [illegible] but [illegible] as having been [illegible] where rain fell The St Clair county correspondent reports chinch bugs injuring corn slightly The prospect for this crop was never better than at the present time Haying and progress and in some sections the crop was damaged by rain Potatoes have been injured by the warm dry weather Fine harvesting is progressing throughout the state There has been no general change reported in the condition of fruit

Star Mills at Shelbyville Fail

The failure of the Star mills with liabilities of nearly $80,000 and with half that amount of assets, following in the wake of the Thornton Bank failure has left matters decidedly gloomy at Shelbyville Most of the active of the mills are one [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] $70,000

[illegible]

Bank Failure

SHELBYVILLE, ILL July 10 — The banking house of W T Thornton & Son made an assignment this morning to Judge Anthony Thornton Philo Parker and Jacob T Herrick The bank has long been the depository for the county, city, town, and school funds of almost the entire county and had over $50,000 of the county funds alone Hundreds of business men and farmers are involved There are no preferred claims The assignees promise a statement to morrow The assignor can give no figures to night on Thornton's Bank failure, except that as a part of the assets there are 4600 acres of land located in Shelby county, valued at $200 000 None of the real estate is incumbered It is generally conceded that the failure is a bad one The establishment had a long list of depositors, and hundreds of families are left without a dollar Mr Thornton gives as a cause of his failure the stringency in the money market, heavy withdrawals of deposits and the failure of Chicago banks to respond to his call for aid

The New Jury Law

"I see it is said that the new jury law will make a class of professional jurors," said a well known attorney yesterday "It can't very well do that because the law says a man who has served on a jury within three months is not eligible for jury service If it is against the state's interest to have professional jurymen, it is only necessary for the state's attorney to ask the jurymen if he has been on a jury within three months If he has the jury is dismissed out It is the same with [illegible]

Quail and Prairie Chicken

A [illegible] of interest to hunters is the [illegible] when quail may lawfully be killed has been changed from October [illegible] November to November and December [illegible] gives three and a half months of hunting as the prairie chicken law permits the killing of that game from Sept 1 to Nov 1 the quail law coming in immediately after chicken goes out Sportsmen should remember this

A Woman Made County Superintendent

[illegible] ill July 11 —The board of supervisors [illegible] Miss Ella Grubb county superintendent of schools to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Supt Jamison There were four candidates for the place, three men and Miss Grubb

MISS NICOLINI known to the public as Adelina Patti is a Craigy Nos Castle [illegible] opera by Signor Lozzi which [illegible] produced in this country next [illegible] by Charles [illegible] Lorch well known American newspaper man [illegible] Miss Nicolini [illegible] the somewhat incongruous part of a nun

THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS

MOUNT ZION

Wheat harvest is about over corn plowing, about finished and oats and hay harvest is on hand

Money seems to be scarce Harvest hands want the same prices that they got when the Republicans had control of the government but they need not expect to get Republican prices under Democratic administration They forget that the financial leaders of the Democratic party were all born in the dark of the moon and cannot see very far ahead, so the men who elected them have got their eyes open and find that their eyes are all sore over their folly

A Democrat told me the other day the Republicans were to blame for the present hard times. "Why so" said I "Why you let the demagogues of our party outlie the demagogues of your party, and our party got in and it had been so long since our party had been there they had forgotten everything they ever knew about running a government. So you see his eyes are still sore, but he has recovered so he can see a little It seems to us in the country that it takes a great deal more to do us when everything is scarce It seems that we eat more and get hungry oftener How is it in Decatur? Have you got plenty to eat? Is your credit good? If so, you had better stay there

I saw Hawk Gorin and James Millikin the other day They were looking well and hearty, and I guess they get plenty of good food and John Ulrich seems to be thriving also B

July 10 1893

Nearly Unanimous

James A Reid, son of the late Dr. Reid, who has been located at Norfolk, Neb, for a number of years, stands solid with the people of his town Norfolk recently held an election to agree upon a citizen to receive the appointment as postmaster, and Jimmy Reid was a candidate He seems to have been the only candidate in the race There were 211 votes cast, of which number Reid received 211 Politically 330 came from Democrats, 2 Republicans 3 Independents, and 11 Prohibitionists The news of Reid's victory was received by Hon C A Ewing, who states that the salary of the Norfolk postmaster is about $1,000

How Is It?

This item is going the rounds of the press of the state

"Many towns and cities in Illinois have heretofore been granting saloon licenses at $500 per annum, payable quarterly in advance, but the supreme court has decided the quarterly payment plan contrary to law and hereafter in most places parties taking out licenses will be required to pay for the entire year in advance

In Decatur the payments are made every quarter, $125 and the licenses are for a year

LIKE a ship without a rudder is a man or a woman without health and the necessary strength to perform the ordinary duties of life When the appetite fails, with debility and a disordered condition of stomach liver kidney and bowels as a sure, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla

WOOD PUMPS Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps for sale at Spencer & Lehmans nov5 d&wtf

THE GAME LAW

Extracts from Circulars Recently Sent Out

Circulars from the Illinois Humane Society have reached the city They contain the following extracts from the state game laws "What birds are not to be killed—No person shall, at any time, within this state, kill, or attempt to trap, net ensnare, destroy or kill, any robin, bluebird, swallow, martin, mosquito hawk, whippoorwill cuckoo woodpecker, catbird, brownthrasher, redbird, hanging bird, buzzard, sparrow, humming bird, dove goldfinch, mocking bird bluejay, finch, thrush, lark, cherry bird, yellow bird, oriole or bobolink, nor rob or destroy the nests of such birds, or either of them Any person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined the sum of $5 for each and every bird so killed and for each and every nest robbed or destroyed, provided that nothing in this section shall be so construed to prevent the owner or occupants of lands from destroying any of the birds here n named on the same when deemed necessary by him for the protection of fruit or property

Who Cut His Throat?

Wm Weaver on June 3 made a brutal assault on Emma Sprague near Monticello Weaver was pursued, and finally his body was found in the Sangamon river with his throat cut, and this significant message written on his cuffs "The last of Wm Weaver" It was given out at the time that Weaver had committed suicide With the finding of the body interest in the case began to subside, but there are rumors afloat now that Weaver did not commit suicide, as was generally supposed but that the men in pursuit of him probably caught him and killed him and dropped his body in the river No definite information will ever be obtained on this point, but there are good people about Monticello who will always think such are the facts in the case

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure

F J CHENEY & Co, Proprs, Toledo, O

We, the undersigned have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo Ohio

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN Wholesale Druggists Toledo Ohio

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system Price 75c per bottle Sold by all druggists Testimonials free

THE Marquis of Londonderry has the smallest pony in the world It weighs only 18 pounds and at its birth was only 13 inches high

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

[illegible] at the Postoffice at Decatur [illegible] as second class matter

KANSAS would be [illegible] without a governor at Illinois. Their governor is trying [illegible] strike in the interest of the Populist party.

THE Populists in their convention in Ohio [illegible] a resolution calling upon [illegible] to impeach Grover Cleveland. The [illegible] it a Populist job.

ARTHUR'S hide is not as thick as he thought it was. The shafts hurled at him from his quarter have penetrated his epidermis until he [illegible] touch the [illegible].

[illegible] Mr. [illegible] in the garden of the [illegible] will [illegible] how forty [illegible] were [illegible] in this state [illegible] county [illegible].

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON made a speech at the [illegible] at Cape May, N. J., and President Cleveland wrote a letter to him [illegible] regretting his inability to be there with the "[illegible]."

THE insurrection is getting in its work on the Republican administration and, strange as it may seem, [illegible] are securing appointments on the principle of modesty at least such is the report as to Lord Smith just appointed postmaster for Chicago. He said he won the place by not bothering the president with his claims.

AN orator at a meeting called for to-night, at the Windsor Theater, New York, to celebrate Gov. Altgeld's pardon of the Chicago anarchists, has been forbidden by Superintendent of Police Byrnes. If Altgeld was right in pardoning these men, the action of New York in suppressing a demonstration in glorification of anarchy and Altgeld, is an insult to our magnificent chief magistrate.

THE *Inter Ocean* wants argument. Well, if it cannot get what it wants, why don't it take its own advice and produce some argument in support of its erstwhile statement that the Harrison administration and Chauncey Sprekels were working together in the interest of the annexation of Hawaii. In the light of the fact that Blount, Cleveland and Sprekels are in harmony in their effort to defeat annexation, argument would be in order.

LAST Sunday Rev. Dr. David Harold Snowden, pastor of the First Congregational church in Sterling, Kas., presented Altgeld to the throne of grace in the following passage:

O, Lord, bless the president of the United States, and by him in his arduous duties. Bless also the governors of the different states, especially bless the governor of Illinois. Be light to him in his darkness, wisdom to him in his ignorance, but above all make his heart as soft as his head. Teach him that this is a government of the people, and by the people and for the people, and that he can in no way become the government for the people.

WHO was it that promised to raise the wages of workingmen and increase the demand for labor if the Democrats came into power? A great many people want to find him but he is not as omnipresent as he was last fall. In the meantime men are losing their employment while others are submitting to a reduction of wages. The finishers in the Amalgamated Association, who refused last year to continue to work at the previous year's wages, have submitted to a reduction of wages of from 10 to 20 per cent, and the carpenters union of Chicago, has agreed to a reduction of from 10 to 25 cents per hour because there are so many idle carpenters. And so it is all over the country. This is precisely what we predicted before the election. There has never been a Democratic victory in this country that did not prove disastrous to workingmen, and this one is no exception.

THE present financial stringency did not begin with the silver law, and the magnificent state of business enjoyed by all the people in 1892 will not be fully recovered by the repeal of the Sherman silver law. The present trouble began as soon as the country discovered that the entire control of the government had been turned over to the Democrats. That result was a standing menace to the manufacturing interests of our country. Manufacturers at once began to prepare for the promised destructive policy of the Democratic administration by limiting their output, discharging their men and many of them closing their business. This in time reached the banks through men who were connected with banking, and manufacturers also, and caused the failure of some banks. This produced apprehension in the mind of the general public, and runs were made upon other banks, which caused them to close and finally resulted in a dangerous stringency in money matters, which in turn reacted back and affected other industries and the building and other trades in general. Legislation against silver purchases by the government will restore the gold reserve and remove the danger of the government being forced to suspend gold payment, and will stimulate the market for American securities, but until the Democratic administration can assure the manufacturing classes that its object is not to destroy them by foolish tariff legislation business will not return to a healthy state.

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When you want a Buggy, Surrey or Hack come and look through our stock. We have some of the best buggies made and our prices are the lowest.

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Demagogue Still

Speaker Crisp made a few remarks on the occasion of the celebration of the Fourth, by Hammond, in which he took occasion to say: "If there is any uncertainness, uncertainty, expectation of trade it must be charged to the Republican party. The laws which brought about these conditions are Republican laws enacted against the protests of Democrats."

The gentleman who is the author of this language is the gentleman who expects to preside over the lower house of congress. In the light of the fact that Mr. Crisp, whose chief business seems to be politics, has not discovered that the time for demagogy, so far as he and his party are concerned, has passed, and that the Democratic party, being in power, must get down to business and right the wrongs, if they can, no matter who is responsible for them. It will not aid Mr. Crisp or his party to say that the Republican party made the legislation that needs revision. If the Republicans are responsible for any bad legislation that is injurious to the country, *made in pursuit of the models of the Democrats*, why did not the bad effects of it appear until the world discovered that this country was doomed to four years Democratic rule? And why did not the Democrats in congress, including the president, when they saw the business of the country going to ruin, even if they believed it to be due to bad Republican legislation, convene the Democratic congress months ago, and repeal the bad laws? Why did they wait until the people themselves forced an obstinate president to call congress together? And why did not the Democrats in congress join the Republicans, last winter, when they had an opportunity to do so, if they knew the law was bad, and before the business wrecks were forced upon the people, in the repeal of the law providing for the purchase of silver? The answer is obvious—because the Democrats did not want to repeal that law unless they could substitute for it a worse one, namely, a free coinage law, and because his party favored a worse law, the president was afraid to convene his congress of Democratic statesmen. There is nothing certain that the party is in any better shape now.

Silver advanced 5 cents as soon as the president issued his call for a special session of congress which indicates that the silver people believe that congress will pass a free silver law in spite of Mr. Cleveland and the condition of business.

In fact A. J. Warner, president of the Bi-Metallic League, says that a careful poll of congress assures him and his people that the Sherman law cannot be repealed without a substitute satisfactory to the silverites, and he says the silverites are in a position to defy honest money people. If this be true the laws which Mr. Crisp says the Democrats protested against will not be made any better by the protestants. Mr. Crisp and his people should learn that the Democrats have passed the stage where demagoguery will be of any further service to them. If they can do anything for the people, they ought to do it. But he and his colleagues will find, after all, that it is the absence of all confidence in the Democratic party on the part of business men, more than the laws, that has caused the trouble from which we are all now suffering.

Grand Jury Echoes

From Friday's Daily.

This morning the *Review* undertakes to give what it terms "inside facts in reference to the late grand jury which considered the Sam Bush negro lynching case and adjourned without indicting anybody. It is asserted that at the beginning the jury had planned to indict everybody who were in or about the jail—about 1,500 persons, including the officers and guards. The facts are that at no time did the jury contemplate indicting such a large number of people. They did make out a list of 43 persons to indict, and that list has been seen by the writer. None of the officers or guards who were in the jail or about the court house that memorable night are in that list. Only three Decatur people are named. They are men supposed to have assisted in the lynching of Bush. After having the indictments drawn up the jury reconsidered their action and finally concluded not to indict anybody.

Politics and the Hog Market.

Champaign *Gazette*: Last week a Logan county farmer sold fifty head of hogs, averaging 348 pounds each, at $5 80 per hundred. A month ago he had been offered $7 40, but held on to them, awaiting the good times that had been promised under the Democratic administration. This misplaced confidence cost him $275 40, and good batch of disappointment besides.

They Will Have Leisure to Think

Joliet *Republican*: And now all the workmen are discharged from the Joliet Steel Works, and that institution is now standing with closed doors, while its 2,500 employes of a year ago are all idle. What do the wage-earners of Joliet who voted for Cleveland and free trade for sake of a change think of the change which their votes have wrought?

GOV. STONE, of Missouri, called a confessed man a liar recently and a personal encounter was the result, in which the governor used an umbrella and the pegleg used his crutch, and yet, taking this into due account, the *Globe-Democrat* says:

We do not admire Gov. Stone in all respects, but we wouldn't swap him for Gov. Altgeld "even up."

The Tardy Extra Session

The following from the Toronto (Can.) *Mail*, which must be regarded as an unbiased opinion, is a pretty clear and logical conclusion touching the president's tardiness in calling an extra session in face of the great demand for the same:

President Cleveland has at last heeded the cry for relief, but not till it was swollen by the voice of every substantial interest in his country. Even now he offers but a crumb of comfort, for, instead of summoning congress immediately, he waits till the seventh of August. The promise of alleviation five or six weeks hence is better than hope deferred another month, and this is all the difference there is in congress meeting the first week in August and congress meeting the first week in September, as the president originally intended should be done. The certainty that congress would meet in extra session early in September failed to stay the steady decline in confidence, contraction of credit, and depreciation in securities and in all other descriptions of property. Since an extra session was resolved upon, millions have been lost through bank suspensions, and through the lack of bank accommodation to manufacturers, importers, and the holders of the country's staple crops. Chicago, the Northwest, and the Pacific coast have been on the verge of panic, and the wave of depression has receded on New York with almost as much force as in April last, the financial and commercial interests of the whole country have been plunged into a very slough of despond. The certainty that congress will not act on the seventh of August will have little more power to arrest the falling values and ruinous distrust. The situation has become altogether too grave to be trusted to rest by a future contingent upon pact. What is wanted is the repeal of the Sherman Act, and the nervous state of the country makes it the urgent duty of the President to bring Congress together at once for the extinction of that ill-starred measure. But it looks as if President Cleveland wants to see the country overwhelmed by the consequences of its financial folly before he will be convinced that its penitence can be relied on for a safe vote in favor of repeal.

It is possible, however, that President Cleveland has let slip the opportunity of his life to win a place among the saviours of his country. He has let its most momentous interests struggle for life without holding out a hand to help them. When congress meets in August natural agencies—exportation, favorable foreign balances, returning gold—will have begun to ameliorate the situation, so that the repeal of the Sherman act will not be thankfully received.

THE Decatur *Herald* has several times challenged the REPUBLICAN to produce some argument to show in what respect John P. Altgeld did wrong in pardoning the anarchists. The REPUBLICAN is not called upon to produce argument to prove wrong that which everybody accepts as a contemptible exercise of power. Aside from this, the fact that Herr Most and the other running anarchists of this country and Europe applaud that feature of the pardon which assails the courts, the jury and the officers of the law, and makes martyrs of the anarchists who were executed, renders it unnecessary to offer proof to show Altgeld's perfidy, and, in addition to this, any governor who has taken an oath to uphold the constitution of the state and enforce the law, as John P. Altgeld has done, and then in turning loose upon the community a crew of law debtors and law haters assaults the courts, a co-ordinate branch of the government with a view of stimulating the minds of a lot of beetle-headed anarchists to more intense hatred for the law and the courts, cannot be defended from any but an anarchistic point of view. John P. Altgeld has disgraced the people who elected him, excepting the anarchistic and socialistic vote which he commanded, and has disgraced the state of Illinois by the attack he made upon the courts set up by the people themselves, and is entitled to no defense.

BETWEEN the time of the passage of the resumption act and the time it came into effect, 1879, Gen. John Charles Black made a political speech in Decatur in which he predicted that when the law took effect the Macon county farmers would not be able to sell their farms for enough money to pay their taxes. Assuming that Gen. B. was honest in these utterances and believed what he said, the result of the resumption of specie payment showed that he did not have an intelligent conception of the science of finance. But Black was not alone in these wild assertions. As a rule the Democratic leaders were guilty of making the same statements. The ignorance of these people was proven by the beneficial and healthy effect of the act when it became operative. It now happens that the same people who demonstrated their ignorance of finance at that time, have been called in special session to legislate upon the financial affairs of the country. If they have no better conception of national financial matters now than they had in times past, there is little chance that they will enact healthy laws. If they were dishonest then, and simply attacked resumption and advocated the repeal of the law for partisan purposes, then the country is, indeed, in the hands of a dangerous class of demagogues who by their trickery and deception will do it more harm than good.

SEYMOUR, the min[illegible] his way to Chicago whe[illegible] ged to attempt the test of [illegible] live six days, until a crop of barley can be sown and raised on the grave, which will take until about September 24, when he is to be disinterred, after which he will take on life again. We have no objections to urge against Mr. Seymour making the test, but the chances are that he has overestimated his abilities as bad as those Democratic campaigners did, who predicted that a return of the Democrats to power, would at once produce a boom in every line of business.

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DR. D. D. REA,

Surgeon and Specialist

Who has cured many cases too in around Chicago, by curing diseases that almost baffled the medical fraternity, of the country, and by the request of many friends and patients he has decided to visit

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THURSDAY, AUG. 10.

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Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases. Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye and Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidneys, Liver, Bladder Chronic, Female and Sexual Diseases.

Epilepsy or Fits Cured. A Positive Guarantee.

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Suffering from Spermatorrhea and Impotency the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes, producing some of the following effects as emissions, blotches, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, defective memory, and sexual exhaustion which unfit the victims for business or marriage are permanently cured by remedies not injurious.

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Syphilis and complications, as sore throat, falling of the hair, pains in the bones, crup tions, etc., are perfectly eradicated without using mercury or other injurious drugs. Gonorrhea, Gleet, Gravel and all urinary and bladder troubles are speedily cured by a treatment that has never failed. He cures no incurable cases, but cures thousands given up to die. Remember the Free and Consultation Rooms are always crowded. Forever the same.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE—Over the Postoffice Decatur Ill.

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All odds and ends of stock are sold out at at about fifty cents on the dollar. We make a regular summer clearance sale of these goods. We have everything in shoes that you can ask for. We keep what the people want and we have deserved the trade which they have given us. Our prices are right and whenever you want anything in the shoe line come to us. We know that we can sell you.

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[illegible] made a speech at Urbana on the Fourth at Cerro Gordo May [illegible] President Cleveland [illegible] better [illegible] regretting his [illegible] the [illegible]

The [illegible] getting in his work on [illegible] and, strange as it may seem, [illegible] are securing appointments on the strength of [illegible] Smith just appointed postmaster for Chicago [illegible] said he won the place by not [illegible] with his claims

As an [illegible] called for tonight at [illegible] Theater, New York to celebrate Gov Altgeld's pardon of the Chicago anarchists has been forbidden by Superintendent of Police Byrnes If Altgeld was right in pardoning these men, the action of New York in suppressing a demonstration in glorification of anarchy and Altgeld, is an insult to an upright and fearless chief magistrate

The Tribune [illegible] Well if it can't get without warts, why don't it take its own medicine and produce some argument in support of its erstwhile statement that the Harrison administration and Claus Spreckels were working together in the interest of the annexation of Hawaii In the light of the fact that Blount Cleveland and Spreckels are in harmony in their effort to defeat annexation argument would be in order

Last Sunday Rev Dr David Harold Snowden, pastor of the First Congregational church in Sterling Kas, presented Altgeld to the throne of grace in the following passage

O Lord bless the president of the United States Guard by him in his arduous duties Bless also the governors of the different states especially bless the governor of Illinois Give light to him in his darkness wisdom to him in his ignorance but above all make his heart as soft as his head Teach him that this is a government of the people and by the people and for the people and that he and his [illegible] are the government for the people

When we hear that promised to raise the wages of workingmen and increase the demand for labor if the Democrats came into power A great many people went to hold him but he is not as omnipresent as he was last fall In the meantime men are losing their employment while others are submitting to a reduction of wages The finishers in the Amalgamated Association who refused last year to continue to work at the previous year's wages have submitted to a reduction of wages of from 10 to 20 per cent, and the carpenters union of Chicago, has agreed to a reduction of from 10 to 15 cents per hour because there are so many idle carpenters And so it is all over the country This is precisely what we predicted before the election There has never been a Democratic victory in this country that did not prove disastrous to workingmen and this one is no exception.

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President Cleveland has at last heeded the cry for relief but not until it was swollen by the voice of every substantial interest in his country Even now he offers but a crumb of comfort for, instead of summoning congress immediately, he waits till the seventh of August The promise of relief at on five or six weeks hence is better than hope deferred another month, and this is all the difference there is in congress meeting the first week in August and congress meeting the first week in September, as the president originally intended should be done The certainty that congress would meet in extra session early in September failed to stay the steady decline in confidence contraction of credit and depreciation in securities and in all other descriptions of property Since an extra session was resolved upon, millions have been lost through bank suspensions, and through the lack of bank accommodation to manufacturers, importers, and the holders of the country's staple crops, Chicago, the Northwest, and the Pacific coast have been on the verge of panic, and the wave of depression has rolled on New York with almost as much force as in spite of all the financial and commercial interests of the whole country have been piled into a very [illegible] support The certainty that congress will meet on the 7th of August and have little more power to arrest the ruinous distrust The situation has become altogether too grave to be allowed to rest by a future contingent relief What is wanted is the repeal of the Sherman Act and the sooner the country makes it an urgent duty of the President to bring Congress together at once for the exclusion of that ill starred measure But it looks as if President Cleveland wants to see the country overwhelmed by the consequences of its financial folly before he will be convinced that its penitence can be relied on for a safe vote in favor of repeal

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The Decatur *Review* has several times challenged the REPUBLICAN to produce some evidence to show in what respect John P Altgeld did wrong in pardoning the anarchists The REPUBLICAN is not called upon to produce argument to prove wrong that which everybody accepts as incontrovertible exercise of power Aside from this the fact that Herr Most and the other rioting anarchists of this country and Europe applauded the clemency of the pardon which assails the courts the jury and the officers of the law and makes martyrs of the anarchists who were executed, renders it unnecessary to offer proof to show Altgeld's enormity and, in addition to this, any governor who has taken an oath to uphold the constitution of the state and enforce the law, as John P Altgeld has done, and then in turning loose upon the community a horde of law debtors and law breakers assaults the courts, the coordinate branch of the government with a view of stimulating the minds of a lot of heedless and lawless American anarchists to more intense hatred for the law and the courts, cannot be defended from any but an anarchistic point of view John P Altgeld has disgraced the people who elected him excepting the anarchistic and socialistic vote which he commanded and has disgraced the state of Illinois by the attack he made upon the courts set up by the people themselves and is entitled to no defense

Between the time of the passage of the resumption act and the time it came into effect, 1879 Gen John Charles Black made a political speech in Decatur in which he predicted that when the law took effect the Macon county farmers would not be able to sell their farms for enough money to pay their taxes Assuming that Gen B was honest in these utterances and believed what he said the result of the resumption of specie payment showed that he did not have an intelligent conception of the science of finance But Black was not alone in these wild assertions As a rule the Democratic leaders were guilty of making the same statements The ignorance of these people was proven by the beneficial and healthy effect of the act when it became operative It now happens that the same people who demonstrated their ignorance of finance at that time, have been called in special session to legislate upon the financial affairs of the country If they have no better conception of national financial matters now than they had in times past, there is little chance that they will enact healthy laws If they were dishonest then, and simply attacked resumption and advocated the repeal of the law for partisan purposes, then the country is indeed, in the hands of a dangerous class of demagogues who by their trickery and deception will do it more harm than good

Seymour, the mir [illegible] his way to Chicago wher [illegible] ged to [illegible] the test of [illegible] ve six feet [illegible] until a crop of barley can be grown and raised on the grave which will be in October September 24 when he is to be disinterred after which he will take on life again We have no objections to urge against Mr Seymour making the test, but the chances are that he has overestimated his abilities as badly as those Democratic campaigners did, who predicted that a return of the Democrats to power, would at once produce a boom in every line of business

A RELIABLE SPECIALIST

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DR. D. D. REA,

Surgeon and Specialist

Who has [illegible] Chicago by [illegible] and by the medical profession of the country and by the request of many friends has decided to visit

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Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases Acute and Chronic Catarrh Diseases of the Eye and Nose Throat and Lungs Dyspepsia Bright's Disease Diabetes Kidneys Liver Bladder Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases

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B. I. STERRETT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

OFFICE—Over the Postoffice Decatur Ill

The Hot July Weather Is Here.

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All odds and ends of stock are sold out at at about fifty cents on the dollar We make a regular summer clearance sale of these goods. We have everything in shoes that you can ask for. We keep what the people want and we have deserved the trade which they have given us. Our prices are right and whenever you want anything in the shoe line come to us We know that we can sell you.

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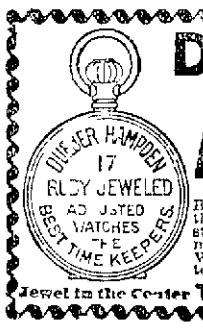
B. F. BOBO, Manager.



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REPUBLICAN SUPPLEMENT.

PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

June Term, 1893.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY, }

The Board of Supervisors of Macon county met in the council room in the court house, in the city of Decatur, on the 12th day of June, 1893, pursuant to adjournment.

On roll-call Supervisors Ammann, Bean, Brintlinger, Barley, Connelly, Cope, Cussins, Davis, Davidson, Dickson, Draper, French, Garver, Griffin, Hallack, Lowery, May, Nicholson, Nowlin, Parker, Quinn, Sleeter, Starr and Thrift answered to their names.

Absent—Supervisor Conrard.

The board proceeded to business.

HON. O. H. DRAPER, Chairman.
GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.
PETER PERL, Sheriff.

The minutes of April meeting were read, when Mr. Cussins moved that they be corrected to show that the Board adjourned until 1:00 o'clock Tuesday in June. Motion prevailed and the minutes as corrected were approved on motion of Mr. Garver.

The clerk then read the list of standing committees promulgated by the chairman, as follows:

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Judiciary—Garver, Ammann, Brintlinger, Barley, French.

Finance—May, Parker, Cope, Dickson, Conrard.

Equalization of Taxes—Bean, Starr, Nowlin, Nicholson, Parker, Cussins, Davis.

Miscellaneous Claims—Parker, Starr, Dickson, Hallack, Connelly.

Pauper and Poor Farm—Cope, Cussins, Quinn, Bean, French.

Roads and Bridges—Cussins, Nicholson, Barley, Davidson, Thrift.

Public Buildings—Starr, Garver, Nowlin, Lowery, Griffin.

Fees and Salaries—Sleeter, May, Davis, Quinn, Conrard.

Ways and Means—Nowlin, Sleeter, Hallack, Davis, Lowery.

Purchasing—Quinn, Garver, Cope, Dickson, Connelly.

Printing—Barley, Davidson, Griffin, Ammann, Brintlinger.

Mr. May moved that the matter of electing a janitor be made the special order for Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock p. m. Motion prevailed.

Various bills against the county were read and on motion of Mr. Sleeter referred to the proper committees.

The report of Overseer W. A. Holman was read and approved on motion of Mr. Quinn.

The bond of W. A. Holman as overseer of poor in Decatur township was read and on motion of Mr. Starr referred to the Judiciary committee.

The report of J. A. Cochran, steward of the poor farm, was presented and placed on the table for inspection.

Mr. May moved that the settlement of Clerk of Macon County vs. W. W. Foster be referred to the Judiciary committee with instructions to report to this meeting of the Board.

Mr. Garver moved to amend by referring to the chairman of the Board. Yes and nays were called and resulted as follows: Voting aye—Messrs. Ammann, Brintlinger, Barley, Cussins, Davis, Davidson, French, Garver, Griffin, Hallack, Lowery, May, Nowlin, Parker, Quinn, Starr, Thrift 15. Voting nay—Messrs. Bean, Connelly, Cope, Dickson, Draper, Cutler, Hallack, Lowery, May, Nicholson, Nowlin, Parker, Quinn, Sleeter, Thrift 15.

The original motion then prevailed.

Mr. Bean moved that the Board hold their meetings in the Supervisors' room. Motion declared lost.

Mr. Parker then moved that the Board adjourn until 9:00 a. m. tomorrow. Motion prevailed.

GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.

SECOND DAY, JUNE 14.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present except Mr. Bean. The Board proceeded to business.

HON. O. H. DRAPER, Chairman.
GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.
PETER PERL, Sheriff.

Minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and approved on motion of Mr. Thrift.

The committee on Public Buildings claims presented the following report which was approved on motion of Mr. Quinn.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Public Buildings claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants, to-wit:

John Sebastian, work at jail	$ 11 50
John Mattlabed, court house	10 25
Decatur Gas and Coke Co., material for court house	53 50
Armstrong Bros., goods county bldg.	50
Decatur Gas Light and Coke Co., gas	126 62
Perry A. Custer, sidewalks court house	27 05
L. J. Powell, jail	85 65
L. J. Powell, court house curbing	256 15
I. N. Martin, jail	9 25
Morgan & Atkinson, court house and jail	17 75
Young Bros. & Marks Co., jail	13 62
Perry A. Custer, sidewalk court house	1070 55
Decatur Coke Co., grading	3 00
W. A. Lloyd, court house	1 50
Owen Bros., painting	21 0
Decatur Coke Co., court house	178 96
Myer & Blank, court house	23 10
G. P. Hardy, court house	10 05
Co-Operative Equity Exp. Co., court house	56 70
Perry & Custer, jail	4 50
E. D. Bartholomew, court house	70 25
Eugene D. Boone, three door springs	14 00
Freeman Bros., jail	12 70
Harry Tick, court house	3 25
Eitman & Co., jail	10 35
James Pierce, court house	95 74
John Mortlock, Eitman, court house	68 50
H. F. May & Bros., supplies county bldg.	26 70
G. W. Brown, jail	26 00
H. Mueller Plumbing Co., court house	117 76
W. R. Abbott & Co., court house	2 20
Columbia Mfg. Co., moving furniture	15 00
Carroll Frain, court house	66 35
Central Union Telephone Co., use telephone	26 75
Wm. M. Bell, jail	106 17
Total	$3310 23

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. H. STARR, Chairman.

The committee on Miscellaneous claims presented the following report which was approved on motion of Mr. Parker.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Miscellaneous claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants, to-wit:

W. H. Starr, committee work	$ 23 30
A. H. Cope, committee work	5 20
Wm. M. Bean, committee work	2 40
F. A. Quinn, committee work	7 50
John H. Miller, committee work	3 30
W. L. Whitley, committee work	3 30
J. H. Lenhart, sis in paste	65 00
Samuel Wetzel, bailiff	25 00
J. S. Howes, bailiff	22 50
S. M. Holmes, bailiff	22 50
Frank Chambers, bailiff	17 50
J. D. Sebastian, bailiff	22 50
J. S. Howes, bailiff	11 00
Joseph M. Murphy, bailiff	25 00
Frank Bayles, bailiff	12 50
J. A. Bonham, use stable	2 75
James Bailey, use stable	6 50
Hamnett & Callaway, printing	236 50
C. L. Jones, printing	11 00
Inter-State Cash Co.	20 00
S. R. Gist, insurance	22 50
Nichols & Dodge, instruments	2 25
W. M. Ramsey, binding	7 25
Walter Pope, drayage	1 00
J. H. Bowers, stationery	1 00
Jones & Robinson, stationery	5 00
H. C. Montgomery, miscellaneous expense	83 00
W. W. Mason, expense going to prison	21 00
W. A. Holman, money advanced	2 00
Geo. P. Hardy, miscellaneous expenses	29 3
Illinois Printing Co., books, etc., county clerk's office	19 00
Geo. S. Barnard & Co., assessment book	7 00
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., record circuit clerk	24 50
J. M. Huff, boarding jury	29 25
Chas. M. Fled & Co., Trapers directory	35 00
C. H. Garver, counsel work	5 00
J. B. Nowlin, committee work	1 00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. L. H. PARKER, Chairman.

Mr. Garver moved that the claim of Dr. H. D. Bell for post mortem examination for $10 be allowed.

Mr. Connelly moved to postpone final action until 2 o'clock p. m. Carried.

Mr. A. Barber made his quarterly report as superintendent of the county farm.

Mr. Cope moved that the report be received and placed on file.

Mr. Quinn moved to amend by referring to Pauper committee.

Mr. Cope moved to amend by referring to committee on Fees and Salaries.

The amendment to the amendment was lost and the motion to refer to Pauper committee prevailed.

Mr. Starr moved that the standing committees appointed by the chairman be approved. Motion prevailed.

W. A. Chenoweth, Esq., appeared before the Board and presented the report of the settlement of the cases of Macon County vs. W. W. Foster, which was read and referred to the Judiciary committee, with instructions to report to this meeting of the Board.

The following resolution was offered and adopted on motion of Mr. Quinn:

Resolved, That the County Clerk draw an order for twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven 50-100 dollars in favor of Boston Mouldie Manufacturing Company, of Jacksonville, N. Y., for metal work in court house upon completion of their contract and certified to by the chairman of Public Buildings.

W. H. STARR,
J. B. NOWLIN,
C. H. GARVER.

Mr. Nowlin moved that the question of heating court house be the special order for to-morrow morning. Carried.

Mr. Quinn moved that the committee on Public Buildings be instructed to investigate cost of heating. Carried.

On motion of Mr. May the same committee was instructed to look after the areas around the court house, and also provide suitable scaffolding for janitor to wash windows from.

Mr. Lowry moved that the County Treasurer be provided with a fireproof safe.

Mr. Cope moved that the matter be referred to the committee on Public Buildings with instructions to report to this meeting.

Motion as amended prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Cope the Purchasing committee was empowered to purchase the necessary weights and measures required to be kept in the County Clerk's office.

On motion of Mr. Cope the Board adjourned until two o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION, JUNE 15, 1893.

The Board of Supervisors met pursuant to adjournment. The members all being present except Mr. Brintlinger the Board proceeded to business. Hon. O. H. Draper, Chairman; Geo. P. Hardy, Clerk.

The committee on Paupers and Poor Farm presented the following report, which was approved on motion of Mr. Berley:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Paupers and Poor Farm claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants, to wit:

F. H. Buchman, goods for poor	$ 123 75
A. F. Gephart & Co., goods for poor	159 70
H. F. May & Bros. " "	164 25
H. R. Keller, " "	55 75
C. Duncan, " "	72 75
Nordeman & Jacobsen, " "	18 25
E. R. Culver, " "	20 75
Cussins & Waddell, " "	13 12
C. Connaghan " "	19 27
John Tate, " "	13 00
W. L. J. Cooper, " "	17 50
Young Bros & Marks, " "	13 25
R. J. Ross, " "	10 75
Wm. Nordeman, " "	21 50
E. Schumbo, " "	25 75
Robert Bros, " "	5 00
Geo. W. Soland, " "	2 00
J. W. Walker & Co., " "	5 00
W. E. Smith, " "	6 50
C. H. Chronister, " "	31 75
Fred Lehrer, " "	5 50
F. A. Simpson & Bro., " "	71 25
F. P. Batts & Co., " "	12 75
Lovett & Osborne Co., goods for poor	17 00
L. C. Baldock & Co., " "	2 80
J. G. Cloyd, " "	22 25
H. W. Wagoner, " "	18 75
Geo. B. Spitler, " "	2 00
Farmers' Merc. Ass'n, " "	21 95
Decatur Coal Co., " "	1658 56
Davidson & Eyman, " "	75 50
M. D. Kizer, " "	34 00
Geo. S. Durfee & Bro., garden seed	5 30
Bonglin & Keefer, goods for poor	30 81
A. Pierce, " "	31 15
Chas. Williams, care of pauper	5 00
Allen Tolberd, care of depend't children	36 00
J. M. Huff, care of pauper	75
J. A. Reeve & Co., burying paupers	32 00
J. W. Ray, coal for paupers	32 30
Walter Hutchins, goods for poor	32 140
W. E. Busier, " "	32 25
J. W. Six, " "	15 98
" "	24 10
Kipp & Homer, " "	31 50
J. C. Boyer, " "	1 37
W. M. Towsen, " "	15 80
J. A. Montgomery, coal for poor	3 68
A. W. Heaton, goods for poor	10 75
Moser & Freedman, goods for poor	1 50
Draper & Webb, " "	1 00
Drobisch Bros. " "	58 25
H. G. Boyer, " "	101 50
John H. Ray, " "	1 25
Geo. W. Rikelia, " "	12 50
P. Kemper, " "	30 25
Nolle & Son, " "	24 00
N. C. Crowell, " "	7 45
H. B. Kulins, " "	3 00
Toupe & Murphey, " "	32 25
W. C. Burley, " "	65
Freeman Bros. " "	17 50
Geo. Glenn, coffin, for pauper	8 00
Meyer & Plunger, goods for poor	7 50
G. B. Marshall, " "	1 25
John Schmidt, " "	6 00
Emma J. Mullins, care of pauper	8 00
Sarah Wheeler, " "	16 25
J. A. Cussins, money advanced	2 00
W. S. McConnell, medical attendance	9 00
J. W. Dobson, " "	3 00
Wm. Harbert, care of pauper	1 25
W. P. Sleeter, money advanced	7 00
S. B. May, medical attendance	1 75
W. R. Boggs, " "	18 00
Alonzo Hall, " "	5 00
J. L. Connelly, medical attendance	12 43
C. T. Childs, " "	5 00
W. R. Boggs, " "	18 00
M. V. Lonergan, " "	20 00
G. W. Weyl, " "	7 50
Geo. W. Beaty, " "	10 00
S. B. May, " "	22 50
Ill. Eastern Hosp. for Insane, care of inmates	17 48
Anna B. Millikin Home, care of inmates	219 93
Ill. Asylum for Feeble Minded, care of inmates	32 45
Ill. School of Agri. and Mech. Training, care of inmates	27 00

Report of Clerk of amount expended in transportation of paupers from Dec. 3, 1892 to May 31, 1893:

V. Barber, Supt. of Poor Farm	
D. F. Moriarty	$ 32 50

In the matter of the report of the condition of the patients from Macon Co. in the hospital for the insane, your committee has examined said reports and find them written in proper form.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. H. COPE, Chairman.

Mr. Cope moved that the money remaining in the hands of V. Barber be paid over to W. J. Magee as soon as he executes his bond in the sum of $1,000. Motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Thrift the bond of W. J. Magee was approved and drawn payable to same party as Mr. Barber's bond.

Mr. Cope moved that the Purchasing committee be and are hereby authorized to advertise for bids and let the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, for furnishing the coal for Macon county for the ensuing year. Carried.

The committee on Printing presented the following report. Approved on motion of Mr. Garver.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Printing report that they have conferred with the Review and Republican Printing Cos., and that they agree to print the proceedings of the Board for the ensuing year for the consideration of $100 each. And that we recommend the adoption of the report.

W. C. BURLEY,
C. AMMANN,
H. C. GRIFFIN,
D. C. DAVIDSON.

Mr. Cope moved that the Chair appoint a member of the special Bridge committee on Mosquito creek bridge. Carried, and the Chair so appointed Mr. Lowery.

On motion of Mr. Bean the committee on Public Buildings was instructed to enter into contract with the janitor and report to this meeting of the Board.

Mr. Lowry moved that the Purchasing committee be instructed to procure a fire and burglar safe. Mr. Cope moved to amend by referring the matter to the committee on Public Buildings with instructions to report to this meeting. Motion prevailed.

Mr. Conrard moved to lay on the table. Motion lost.

Motion to amend original motion to refer carried.

A vote was then taken on the motion as amended and was lost.

Mr. Conrard moved that the boiler at the old court house be inspected by the chairman of the Pauper committee and superintendent of County Farm, and if found safe, to remove the same to the County Farm. Motion prevailed.

Mr. Cope moved that the claim of Dr. H. D. Bell for $5 be paid by an order on the treasury for $10. Motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Cope the Chairman was instructed to place between directions near the entrance to the court house and also place proper signs over the doors of offices in court house.

On motion of Mr. Quinn the Board adjourned until 9:00 o'clock a. m. tomorrow.

GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.

FOURTH DAY, JUNE 16.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present except Messrs. Hallack and Lowery.

On motion of Mr. Parker the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

The following report was read and on motion of Mr. Garver approved.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Roads and Bridges would respectfully report to your honorable body that they have examined the bridges and approaches to same of bridge across the Sangamon river east of Decatur and known as the Spangler bridge, the bridge west of Decatur known as the Stevens creek bridge, also the bridge northwest of Decatur known as the Fork bridge, located in Decatur township, and find them to be in a very decayed and dangerous condition. We also learn from the highway commissioners of said township that they have levied the full extent of the law, 6c, on $720, for the last two years and that the sum so raised is not sufficient to make repairs on said bridges and keep up the necessary repairs and improvements on other roads and bridges in the township. We would therefore recommend that the aid asked for in the petition be granted, and that the Chairman of the Board appoint a committee of three members of the Board to confer with the commissioners of Decatur township, and that they have said bridges and approaches put in a good and safe condition.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. A. CUSSINS,
D. C. DAVIDSON,
J. P. NICHOLSON,
C. A. THRIFT,
W. C. BURLEY.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. Thrift, Griffin and Davis as said committee.

Mr. Cope moved that the special order which was set for 10 o'clock be taken up for consideration. Motion prevailed.

Mr. Barley moved to defer the matter of heating court house until the September meeting, which motion was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Bean.

Mr. Cussins moved that the proposition of Mr. Whitmer to furnish heat for the court house be not accepted. Motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Parker the rules were suspended and the following bills read:

John G. Stober, night watchman	$ 6 00
Review Publishing Co., printing	70 10
G. K. Morgan, supplies sheriff's office	1 44

Mr. Stober's bill was allowed on motion of Mr. Cope.

The Review Publishing Co. bill was allowed on motion of Mr. Quinn.

G. K. Morgan's bill was allowed on motion of Mr. Thrift.

On motion of Mr. Quinn the Board adjourned until 1 o'clock p. m.

GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present except Messrs. Hallack and Lowery.

The following report was approved on motion of Mr. Sleeter.

Your committee on Finance would beg leave to report that they have examined and checked up the canceled county orders, jury certificates and sparrow warrants for the months of March, April and May, 1893, amounting to $9,512.26, and we have destroyed the same by burning.

H. F. MAY,
M. A. CONNARD,
—— DICKSON,
A. H. COPE.

On motion of Mr. Bean the following report was approved.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Fees and Salaries have examined the report of Peter Perl, Sheriff, for the half year ending May 31, 1893, and find by his report that he has earned for the half year $10,233 1 Fees he has received for the services rendered during the half year | $576 20 For services previously reported | 62 25 Total collection | 638 45

We also find that the sheriff has earned during the half year ending May 31, 1893, for which the county is liable:

Fees in insane pauper cases	$ 16 65
For attending the various courts	263 00
	279 65

Your committee would recommend that an order be drawn on the County Treasurer for the

Respectfully submitted.

W. P. SLEETER,
T. A. QUINN,
S. C. DAVIS,
M. A. CONNARD.

Mr. Garver moved the adoption of the following report, which motion prevailed:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Fees and Salaries have examined the report of Geo. P. Hardy, County Clerk, and believe it to be correct. We find by his report that the receipts for the half year ending May 31, 1893, are $4176.52, and expenditures are $2369.00, leaving a balance in his hands due the county of $2167.52.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. P. SLEETER,
H. F. MAY,
T. A. QUINN,
S. C. DAVIS.

On motion of Mr. Thrift the following report was adopted.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Your Fees and Salaries committee to whom was referred the claim of J. N. Donahey, superintendent of schools, beg leave to report that we have examined the same, found it correct, and recommend its approval by the Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. P. SLEETER,
H. F. MAY,
T. A. QUINN,
S. C. DAVIS,
M. A. CONNARD.

The following report was approved on motion of Mr. Brintlinger.

Mr. Chairman, and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Fees and Salaries would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented before them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders for the several amounts to the several claimants, to-wit:

J. A. Cochran, steward poor farm	$ 212 50
J. W. Carter, janitor	200 00
W. A. Holman, overseer poor	125 00
Wm. E. Nelson, county judge	166 00
Peter Perl, clerk hire	300 00
Archie Tuttle, janitor city offices	10 20
J. N. Donahey, expense account	21 75
Robert Toby, county physician	125 00
Geo. P. Hardy, services county	1259 15
Peter Perl, jail account	639 05

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. P. SLEETER,
S. C. DAVIS,
M. A. CONNARD.

The following report was read and on motion of Mr Connelly approved.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Judiciary would beg leave to report that we have examined the report of W. C. Outten in the W. W. Foster case, and your committee would endorse W. C. Outten's report as our report, and your committee would recommend that W. C. Outten's report be adopted by this Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. H. GARVER,
C. AMMANN,
C. W. FRENCH,
W. A. BURLEY,
D. BRINTLINGER.

In the matter of the cases of People for use of Macon Co. vs. W. W. Foster and others, and Macon County vs. Foster. Statement of account of County with W. C. Outten, June 15, 1893:

To Board of Supervisors of Macon Co., Ills.:

W. C. Outten in Acct. with Macon Co.

1892 DEBIT.	
Jan. 16, To cash received from the bondsmen of the principal and interest upon the two judgments obtained against them March 4, 1892, aggregating $1357.11, being in cases No. 12926 and 12927	$1923 39
To costs collected of same in full	89 50
Total charges	$1710 50
1889 CREDITS.	
Jan. 8, By cash paid by Outten to Clerk of Supreme Court as advanced costs	$ 10 00
1891	
Aug. 15, By cash paid E. A. Snively, Clk of Supreme Court, for copy of record to supply the place of the files which could not be found	10 00
By expressage on above	25
1892	
Mch 12, By cash paid Miss Boyd for half cost of typewritter copy of agreement of facts made in said cases	1 75
By contract fee of $500.00 with interest at 5 per cent, from date of judgments (March 4, 1892, to date of collection, (Jan. 16, 1893)	526 33
Total credit	$ 577 33
Balance due county	$1133 37

I herewith hand you my check for balance, $1133.37.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. C. OUTTEN.

Mr. Barley moved that Mr. Outten be requested to pay the amount due $1133.37 into the county treasury, which motion prevailed.

The committee on Public Buildings presented a contract to be entered into between Macon county and the janitor of the court house, which was read.

Mr. Quinn moved that the contract be approved and that the committee on Public Buildings be empowered to sign said contract in behalf of the county, which motion prevailed.

The following resolution by Mr. May was adopted on motion of Mr. Cope:

Resolved, That the county clerk be and is hereby authorized to draw a warrant on county treasurer in favor of N. W. Fair & Co., New York, for $2,000, to cover interest on county bonds to July 1, 1893.

On motion of Mr. Cope the Clerk was instructed to draw orders on the Treasurer in favor of the Supervisors for their per diem and mileage for the April and June meetings.

The bond of W. J. Magee as superintendent of Poor Farm was read, and on motion of Mr. Thrift approved.

Mr. May moved that the night watchman for the court house be retained at a salary of $1 per month, which motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Barley the Board adjourned until the second Monday in July at 1 o'clock p. m.

GEO. P. HARDY, Clerk.

—Upon her arrival at Valparaiso the Philadelphia will receive orders to proceed to Samoa, where the disturbed condition of affairs makes it desirable for the United States to have a vessel.

—Secretary Hoke Smith and Postmaster-General Bissell have left Washington on their summer vacation, the former making a tour of the west and the latter going to Green Summit, Pa. Secretaries Gresham and Morton are the only cabinet officers left in the city.

—Patrick Walsh, of Chicago, has obtained a judgment for $20,583.33½ against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. Walsh's left arm and two fingers of his right hand were cut off by being run over by a passenger train while crossing the defendant company's tracks in December, 1890.

—The weekly statement of the associated banks of New York issued Saturday, shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $6,333,750; loans, increase, $5,435,500; specie, decrease, $0,281,900; legal tenders, decrease, $4,874,100; deposits, increase, $7,00,200; circulation, increase, $103,800.

—The director of the mint has accepted offers for the sale of 338,000 ounces of silver in addition to 100,000 ounces purchased outright Friday on the July account. In response to the offers Friday the director made a counter proposition and his figure, $0.72, was accepted by telegraph for the 538,000 ounces.

—While Secretary Carlisle's visit to Chicago is ostensibly for pleasure only, it is known in government official circles that questions of importance relating to the sale of exhibits in and at the fair by exhibitors and the policy to be pursued towards the officers will be finally and definitely passed on before his return to Washington.

—State Bank Commissioner Breidenthal, of Kansas, has issued a call for a statement of the condition of all state and private banks at the close of business June 26. In an interview he said that this report would have a tendency to restore confidence both at home and abroad, because the banks are in much better condition now than they were three months ago.

—The Infanta Eulalia arrived in Madrid Friday afternoon. Through a representative of the United Press she sent her heartiest thanks to the government and people of the United States for her charming and enthusiastic reception. The Infanta's manner and language left no doubt that her trip to America would long remain one of her most pleasant recollections.

—It is said the engineer who had charge of the survey through Colombia for the interoceanic railway from the southern boundary of Mexico to the northern boundary of Bolivia, 4,000 miles in length, reports that for many miles the line runs through a mining region so rich that the material dug out of the cuts for the road will contain enough gold and silver to pay for the construction of the road over that section. This possibly accounts for the reticence maintained as to the progress of the

HOUSEHOLD BREVITIES.

—Quirled Potatoes.—Prepare the potatoes the same as to boil. Let them cook thoroughly, then mash and season well, and press them through the colander into the dish you wish to serve them in. Set them into the oven to brown.—Farm and Fireside.

—Hard Gingerbread.—Two cups of molasses, two-thirds of a cup of butter or lard, half a cup of warm water, two teaspoons of soda, one of ginger, flour to roll as soft as you can; wet the top with milk and sift sugar over it before baking.—Boston Budget.

—Graham Bread.—Take one pint of new milk, one pint warm water, one cup yeast, one teaspoonful of salt; make a thin batter with wheat flour at night. In the morning put in one cup of molasses, and thicken with graham flour; put it into two deep tins, let it rise, and then bake.—Ohio Farmer.

—Corn Griddle Cakes.—Mix together two cups of corn meal and a teaspoonful each of sugar and salt. Scald with boiling water, thin to a proper consistency with cold milk, add a well-beaten egg, a teaspoonful of melted butter and a teaspoonful of baking powder. Bake on a griddle.—Boston Globe.

—Italian Rolls.—A pound of bread dough, quarter of a pound of softened butter; work the butter well into the dough and roll out about half an inch thick. Cut into strips nearly an inch wide and seven or eight inches long. Sift over them fine cornmeal, place them apart in a buttered pan, and when light bake in a quick oven.—Detroit Free Press.

—Chestnut Stuffing.—Take bread one day old, grate or cut off the crust, crumb it very fine by rubbing between the hands, and add one-fifth the bulk of large Italian chestnuts boiled, peeled and mashed, two onions chopped fine, and a seasoning of pepper, salt, mace and thyme. Moisten this with four ounces of melted butter, but no water must go to this dressing.—Country Gentleman.

—Apple Sauce.—Peel, quarter and core; if the apples are very large, cut quarters once in two. Have ready a porcelain-lined kettle, or a new tin pail set on top of the stove; cook them nicely; put in the apples and add hot water, a half or whole cupful, according to the quantity of apples you have, but be sure to use hot water, and cook them quickly if you wish the sauce light-colored and nice; cover closely to keep the steam in; the more quickly they cook the better the sauce. Do not stir until done, then mash all lumps and add a little sugar, not very much. Serve hot or cold as you wish. This is especially good with roast pork, geese or ducks.—N. Y. Observer.

—Oyster Cutlets.—These are delicious. Try them. In their own liquor boil a dozen good-sized oysters. Let them remain only half a minute over the fire after they begin to boil. Drain and chop them. Rub one tablespoonful of flour with one of butter until smooth; add this to the liquor; stir it all the while over the fire until it becomes smooth; add to it a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, the yolk of one egg and the chopped oysters. Stir this well, season to taste; also put in a platter to cool. Form this into small cutlets when it is cool and dip in beaten egg, then in cracker dust and fry as you would oysters. These may be prepared ready for frying in the morning and the work at dinner or supper time thus lightened.—Prairie Farmer.

HOW RIBBONS ARE USED.

Charming Arrangements For Hair and Bodice.

Notwithstanding the fact that the decorators have made ribbon so fashionable an element in furnishing as to create an almost overwhelming demand, it continues to hold its own place in the world of personal adornment as well. To be sure, neither the gowns nor the bonnets of mature women are extensively trimmed with ribbons as at other seasons they have been, but that may well be regarded as an evidence of good taste and discrimination.

The ribbon is essentially a youthful trimming, and upon young girls' hats and in conjunction with bee and flowers upon the evening gowns of the younger women, will always claim the recognition it deserves. For the present and the coming season there are some charming arrangements shown. The large flats and jaunty hats that are so well suited to girls in their teens are trimmed with simply superbous bows.

The bodices designed for some wear are wonderfully tasteful with their multitude of narrow straps and graceful loops and ends, and the effects of ribbon worn upon the hair have quite a classic effect. Some of the hats show combinations of loops and ends that defy description; some are held in place with handsome buckles, and others again are simple, as taste suits the years of the girls for whom they are designed.

They must be large and ample; they must run straight up into the air, and all the loops and ends must be held in place by wires hidden from mortal view; but beyond these four laws individual taste is allowed full sway.

The ribbon bodice, which is the very latest got down, consists of a number of straps which start at intervals from a covered bone in the front, and are drawn down, and up to one point of the belt on each side.

A bow is sewed fast at every point formed in the front on the belt at each side, and again in the back, so that the girls who wear them are all one flutter of loops and ends.

They are very pretty and youthful, however, and are certain to find favor so long as the house bodice effects continue to hold their place.

For the hair, ribbons are just now high in favor with all but the very sedate, who believe that the hair alone is the best adornment for the head.

They are used in narrow bands to form fillets that hold the hair in place, and they are made into bows, which finish a band of gems; but somehow they are used by nearly all the women who claim to keep pace with fashion.—Boston Globe.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Official Proceedings of the Supervisors' Meeting September Grand Jury

The board of supervisors of Macon county, Ill., met at the court house in the city of Decatur, state and county aforesaid, on the 10th day of July, 1893, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., pursuant to law.

Present—Supervisors Ammann, Bean, Brintlinger, Barley, Conrard, Connelly, Cope, Cussins, Davis, Davidson, Dickson, Draper, French, Garver, Griffin, Hallack, Lowery, May, Nicholson, Nowlin, Parker, Quinn, Starr and Thrift.

Absent—Supervisor Sleeter.

The board proceeded to business, Hon. O. H. Draper chairman, Geo. P. Hardy clerk, Peter Perl sheriff.

The committee on public buildings reported the following bills as correct, and on motion of Mr. Garver warrants were ordered issued in payment, viz:

Geo. P. Hardy, ass't pald repairs	$ 30
Jos. Grass, furnishing easels	6 00
W. H. Starr, ass't paid cleaning, carting	9 00
Harmon Bros., painting and drayage	51 49
A. B. Andrews, supervisors' desks	27 00
Geo. P. Hardy and Carroll Frain	11 80
Hull Bros., lumber for court house	32.64

The following claims were allowed, on motion of Mr. Parker:

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., supplies county clerk's office	$ 2.80
Same	23 76
Same	3.00
Same	15 00

The following claim was allowed, on motion of Mr. Garver:

Ruddock & Co., goods for the poor	$6 00

The committee on equalization presented their report of equalization of assessment of Macon county property, which was read, and Mr. Garver moved to approve said report. Mr. Barley moved to amend by raising the assessment in Whitmore and Niantic townships to equal Oakley. Motion to amend was lost and the original motion to approve prevailed.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Macon county—Gentlemen:—Your committee on equalization of taxes have the following report to make: We would recommend that no changes be made in the assessment of city and town lots and that the assessment of personal property remain the same, with the exception of Blue Mound township, said township having assessed horses $105, when the average assessments throughout the county is $71.08. We would recommend that 15 per cent be added to the total assessment of said township, which addition brings the average value of horses to the required standard. On improved and unimproved lands we recommend the following, to wit:

	Assessed Value.	Per C. Deducted.	Per C. Added.	Equalized Value.
Austin	14 22	2		$13 94
Blue Mound	15 47	1		15 32
Decatur City	87 98			88 98
Friends Creek	21 50			21 50
Hartstown	12 20		11	13 00
Hickory Point	11 07		5	11 67
Illinois	16 56	6		15 52
Long Creek	15 95		3	14 21
Maroa	16 40	5		15 58
Milligan	14 85	5		14 10
Mt. Zion	16 11	5		14 03
Niantic	14 20	1		14 06
Oakley	15 05	1		14 90
Pleasant View	15 87	5		15 37
Macon	13 11	15		15 46
Wheatland	16 83	9		15 32
Whitmore	13 12	7		14 02

Respectfully submitted.

W. H. BEAN,
J. S. NOWLIN,
J. H. PARKER,
W. H. STARR,
J. A. CUSSINS,
S. C. DAVIS,
J. P. NICHOLSON.

On motion of Mr. May the assessment on lot 12, west half of southeast quarter, section 15, town 16, 2 east, was reduced from $2,500 to $250.

Mr. Cussins moved that the personal assessment of Mrs. Wilkinson be reduced to $1,000. Motion lost.

Mr. Bean moved that the assessment on the north end, east half lots 1 and 5, section 10, town 16, range 1 east, be reduced from $1,000 to $600. Motion prevailed.

Bids for coal were read. Mr. May moved that the purchasing committee be instructed to enter into contract with the Decatur Coal Co. Mr. Cope moved to amend by referring the bids to the purchasing committee, with instructions to let the contract to the lowest bidder. Motion lost and the original motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Quinn the following report was approved:

Your special committee, appointed to act with the commissioners of Blue Mound in reference to the construction of a bridge over Mosquito creek, 2¾ miles south of Boody, would respectfully beg leave to report that the said bridge has been completed at a cost of $1,[illegible]73 and accepted by the joint committees. We would therefore ask that an order for $[illegible] be drawn in favor of the treasurer of Blue Mound township to cover one-half the cost of said bridge.

WM. H. BEAN,
GEO. LOWERY,
A. H. COPE.

The following report was presented and, on motion of Mr. Cope, approved:

Your committee on the county line bridge between Macon and Christian counties, and between Blue Mound and Mosquito townships, would report that such bridge has been completed and received.

| |

A FIERY FURNACE.

Awful Scenes Witnessed at the World's Fair.

Brave Men, Caught in a Fire Trap

Plunge to Death Through a Sea of Flame,

In the Presence of Thousands of Spectators.

While Women Faint and Strong Men Groan in Agony

And Call on God for Help Where None Other Could Avail

Unprecedented Horror and Unprecedented Heroism

Responsibility for the Awful Holocaust

[illegible]

on the east and south sides. All this time flames were leaping from a tackling such as [illegible] first intimation that anything was wrong was when the smoke appeared in the direction of the west. Then came the flames, [illegible] the roof, [illegible] the top of the tower with the exception of one man, a painter who slid down a rope which had been brought up to the south side of the tower. It may be that more would have taken advantage of this opportunity, since many escaped, but not enough for the smoke which envelopes the top. It seemed as if the victims clung to posts in the tower because they feared the flames would follow the smoke which they saw.

Death came quickly enough to put an end to it all. The flames shot down the towering structure, leaping from work which surrounded the east and west shaft, that period the men were below the men. Quick as a flash, like a bank of molten gold, flames burst through the square. The gold letters, "Horticulture," "Ice Skating Rink" and "Old Storage Warehouse," were in the center of the tower, and around them the flames circulated and caused them to crack and burst. The poor wretches to whom the eyes of thousands were turned. In a few seconds the unfortunate men felt the fire and with an impulse of self preservation the men were quickly. Where the ropes were attached at the northwest corner.

[illegible] could not look down in security for fear lest because of the people trying to save themselves, they fall. The men must have grasped and clung. But for only a dozen feet. The flames had no mercy. The rope was for two and with fat [illegible] the first victim shot through the air to the ground. He turned upon his back and struck with a thud.

[illegible] thousands in the grand stand [illegible] the awful leaps [illegible] stunned. They could not [illegible] with the spectacle. They [illegible] to pray to God that it might not pass. Women could scarcely [illegible] faint and turn their heads away [illegible] at the flames. [illegible] An intermission then. The [illegible] stopped [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible] Sooner [illegible] Fifth [illegible] Sixth [illegible] Eighth [illegible] Ninth [illegible] Tenth [illegible] Eleventh [illegible] Twelfth [illegible] Thirteenth [illegible] Fourteenth [illegible] Fifteenth [illegible] Sixteenth [illegible] Seventh [illegible] Eighteenth [illegible] Nineteenth [illegible] Twentieth [illegible] Twenty-first [illegible] Twenty-second [illegible] Twenty-third [illegible] Twenty-fourth [illegible] Twenty-fifth [illegible] Twenty-sixth [illegible] Twenty-seventh [illegible] Twenty-eighth [illegible] Twenty-ninth [illegible] Thirtieth [illegible] Thirty-first [illegible] Thirty-second [illegible] Thirty-third [illegible] Thirty-fourth [illegible] Thirty-fifth [illegible] Thirty-sixth [illegible] Thirty-seventh [illegible] Thirty-eighth [illegible] Thirty-ninth [illegible] Fortieth [illegible] Forty-first [illegible] Forty-second [illegible] Forty-third [illegible] Forty-fourth [illegible] Forty-fifth [illegible] Forty-sixth [illegible] Forty-seventh [illegible] Forty-eighth [illegible] Forty-ninth [illegible] Fiftieth [illegible] Fifty-first [illegible] Fifty-second [illegible] Fifty-third [illegible] Fifty-fourth [illegible] Fifty-fifth [illegible] Fifty-sixth [illegible] Fifty-seventh [illegible] Fifty-eighth [illegible] Fifty-ninth [illegible] Sixtieth [illegible] Sixty-first [illegible] Sixty-second [illegible] Sixty-third [illegible] Sixty-fourth [illegible] Sixty-fifth [illegible] Sixty-sixth [illegible] Sixty-seventh [illegible] Sixty-eighth [illegible] Sixty-ninth [illegible] Seventieth [illegible] Seventy-first [illegible] Seventy-second [illegible] Seventy-third [illegible] Seventy-fourth [illegible] Seventy-fifth [illegible] Seventy-sixth [illegible] Seventy-seventh [illegible] Seventy-eighth [illegible] Seventy-ninth [illegible] Eightieth [illegible] Eighty-first [illegible] Eighty-second [illegible] Eighty-third [illegible] Eighty-fourth [illegible] Eighty-fifth [illegible] Eighty-sixth [illegible] Eighty-seventh [illegible] Eighty-eighth [illegible] Eighty-ninth [illegible] Ninetieth [illegible] Ninety-first [illegible] Ninety-second [illegible] Ninety-third [illegible] Ninety-fourth [illegible] Ninety-fifth [illegible] Ninety-sixth [illegible] Ninety-seventh [illegible] Ninety-eighth [illegible] Ninety-ninth [illegible] Hundredth [illegible]

[illegible] Weather [illegible] Cut [illegible] Fifty [illegible] Twenty [illegible] Twenty-five [illegible] Twenty-six [illegible] Twenty-seven [illegible] Twenty-eight [illegible] Twenty-nine [illegible] Thirty [illegible] Thirty-one [illegible] Thirty-two [illegible] Thirty-three [illegible] Thirty-four [illegible] Thirty-five [illegible] Thirty-six [illegible] Thirty-seven [illegible] Thirty-eight [illegible] Thirty-nine [illegible] Forty [illegible] Forty-one [illegible] Forty-two [illegible] Forty-three [illegible] Forty-four [illegible] Forty-five [illegible] Forty-six [illegible] Forty-seven [illegible] Forty-eight [illegible] Forty-nine [illegible] Fifty [illegible] Fifty-one [illegible] Fifty-two [illegible] Fifty-three [illegible] Fifty-four [illegible] Fifty-five [illegible] Fifty-six [illegible] Fifty-seven [illegible] Fifty-eight [illegible] Fifty-nine [illegible] Sixty [illegible] Sixty-one [illegible] Sixty-two [illegible] Sixty-three [illegible] Sixty-four [illegible] Sixty-five [illegible] Sixty-six [illegible] Sixty-seven [illegible] Sixty-eight [illegible] Sixty-nine [illegible] Seventy [illegible] Seventy-one [illegible] Seventy-two [illegible] Seventy-three [illegible] Seventy-four [illegible] Seventy-five [illegible] Seventy-six [illegible] Seventy-seven [illegible] Seventy-eight [illegible] Seventy-nine [illegible] Eighty [illegible] Eighty-one [illegible] Eighty-two [illegible] Eighty-three [illegible] Eighty-four [illegible] Eighty-five [illegible] Eighty-six [illegible] Eighty-seven [illegible] Eighty-eight [illegible] Eighty-nine [illegible] Ninety [illegible] Ninety-one [illegible] Ninety-two [illegible] Ninety-three [illegible] Ninety-four [illegible] Ninety-five [illegible] Ninety-six [illegible] Ninety-seven [illegible] Ninety-eight [illegible] Ninety-nine [illegible] Hundred

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ANOTHER LYNCHING.

It May Occur Near Peoria—State News in Brief.

From Friday's Daily.

East Peoira, a hamlet in Tazewell county about two miles from Peoria, was the scene at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon of a heinous crime. Miss Smith, 16 years of age, daughter of Jacob Smith, operator of the coal bank at that place, was on her way to the town, following the beaten path through the woods. When in a lonely spot she was grabbed by two negroes, who bound and gagged her and then assaulted her. The cords which bound her were set on fire, terribly burning her arms and wrists. The negroes escaped, but the town was quickly aroused and armed posses have since been scouring the timber. One of the miscreants has been captured, and so bitter is the feeling against him that he may be lynched. There is the most intense excitement.

The chief event in society circles at Springfield yesterday was the marriage of Miss Anne Ridgely Hay, daughter of ex-Mayor Charles E. Hay, to Mr. John David Lloyd, organist of St. Paul's pro-cathedral and a musician of note. The ceremony took place at 10:30 a. m. in St. Paul's pro-cathedral and was conducted by the Rev. F. W. Taylor, Bishop Seymour giving the apostolic benediction. The maid of honor was Miss Octavia Roberts, cousin of the bride, and the bridesmaids were Miss Carrie Merritt, daughter of Representative Merritt, and Miss Felicite Oglesby, daughter of ex-Gov. Oglesby. The best man was Mr. Henry Lloyd, of Lenoxville, Que., brother of the groom, and the groomsmen were Messrs. Arthur and Edward Hay, brothers of the bride.

Baron Francis Theodore Van Hallebren, minister from Germany to the United States, arrived at Lincoln yesterday from Chicago and is the guest of Mrs. John Damarer, an old friend of the Baron's when he was a student at Heidelburg. He will return on Saturday to Chicago.

A bald eagle of monster size was killed yesterday in the Illinois bottom, west of Hillsboro. It had caught a small pig, the squealing of which resulted in the capture of the bird.

Altgeld's Act.

EDS. REPUBLICAN: The pardoning of the surviving participants in the Haymarket murder in Chicago, in fulfillment of a compact made with anarchists before the election, was detestable enough, and shows to what bargains some of our politicians will stoop for votes. But the tirade the alien governor sent forth as the excuse for executive clemency is still more to be condemned. He shows himself not only a foreigner by birth but a continental European in his views and sympathies. He is not fit for American citizenship and he rails as wildly at the administration of the law as Herr Most ever did. His message of 17,000 words he [illegible] opinion reproach on his party, but disgraces the state and makes a most astounding exhibition of himself before the country as well as [illegible] dangerous note for lawless [illegible] struck in the country. He plainly shows that he is not in sympathy with American political ideas of individual liberty subject to the sovereignty of the law. The governor has won the applause of the unAmerican element in our country, but he has made his name a stench in the nostrils of every American citizen. Many of our foreign born are better Americans than many of the native born; but the disloyalty displayed in the governor's recent act should be looked upon with scorn by all true citizens of America, whether native or foreign born. The liberties we enjoy, secured to us by expenditures of precious blood and untold treasure, can only be transmitted to posterity, untarnished, by the more respectable elements of American society seeking political power and office, and thus rescue our municipal and state governments from the unclean hands of rascally political demagogues of foreign birth.

D. W. H.

RAILROAD building is down to low figures this year. Only 1,015 miles of main track have been laid in the past six months. This is the smallest total for any half year recently. Generally in the second half of the year the construction is greater than it is in the first half, but unless there is a decided improvement in conditions the aggregate mileage of 1893 will not go above 2,200 or 2,400.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by Sims & Wood, druggists. dew

Go to the Decatur Implement Co. for your Binding Twine and save from 10 to 20 per cent. Feb 16-wtf

ESTABLISHED 1852.

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WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS.

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY ON MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under lock and key in our fire and burglar proof vault free of charge.

feb17 1893-wtf

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

An Old Citizen Called to Eternal Rest Last Night.

Bloomington Leader, July 6.

Danforth K. Lathrop was found dead in bed this morning at the residence of his son, Mr. George Lathrop, 615 West Clay street. Mr. Lathrop had been suffering for several years with paralysis and the last few days was slightly worse but nothing serious was expected. He retired as usual last night as did the family, but when George, the son, rose this morning he went into the room and to his horror found his father dead.

He immediately summoned the family, and in a short time the coroner was sent for. He summoned a jury, and after hearing all the evidence in the case brought in a verdict in accordance with it.

Deceased was born in Vermont, and at the time of his death was 65 years old. About thirty-nine years ago he came to Illinois with his wife, and they settled at Burr Oak Grove. After remaining here for some time they moved to Bloomington. The wife and four sons are still living, including George, the well-known barber, with whom he was living at the time of his death; Walter, Frank and Harry, all of Decatur. He also leaves two brothers in Indiana and one sister in Michigan.

Deceased was a member of the Methodist church, joining at Stapp's Chpel in Decatur.

An Advanced Country School.

Friday, W. H. Parker, of Austin township, was in the city with two other gentlemen interested in the school in the Parker district. They made a contract with Robert F. Davidson, of 1130 North Edward street, to teach the same this winter at a salary of $65 a month. Mr. Parker states that there is a large and well advanced class in the school that required a teacher of more than average ability and the directors, after consulting the patrons of the school, concluded that it would be better for all concerned to keep the class in the school the coming school year than for each parent to send his children away to some high school or college, which would have to be done in justice to the children, unless a teacher was employed that could teach them in the advanced branches that this class must take up. It is not often that a country school produces such a class as this one, and it is very creditable to the patrons of the school and the directors that, having such a class, they have employed a teacher to meet the requirements of the case. Sixty-five dollars a month looks like a stiff salary but the work is worth it and in the long run it will be the best and cheapest thing these people could have done.

Sales of Real Estate.

W. S. Fahs to A. S. Kenar, lot 30, in block 3, in Montgomery & Shull's addition to Decatur—$1,200.

W. H. Starr and I. R. Mills to W. S. Fahs, lot 7, in block 2, in Riverside Place—$700.

Henry A. Wood to Norman W. Woodford, deed to lot 10, block 13, Wood's subdivision; $650.

M. F. Kanan to Mary E. Lewis, deed to lots 2 and 3, block 1, Kanan's addition; $[illegible].

[illegible] B. Miller to Charles B. Cargill, [illegible] of block 15 and lot 3, block [illegible]; $25.

John Hathe[illegible] to H. Heineman, deed [illegible] of land in block 15, in village of Blue Mound, also lot 3, block 13, in the town of Blue Mound; $4,700.

E. B. Durfee to Edward Haddock, two lots on West Green—$600.

Frank Waller to Robert M. Cox, a lot on South Colfax—no consideration.

J. J. Finn to J. Remsen Lane, master's deed to a tract in Macon.

Katie Search to L. Medora Mitchell, deed to five feet off the west side of lot 9 block 2, Sunnyside addition; $35.

Hiram Johnson to Susan Darr, lot 13 in block 4 in Higgins' addition to Decatur; $2,000.

John B. Shaw to Amanda Shaw, one acre in the northwest quarter of 14, 17, 2 east; $200.

Andrew Matheny to Emma Bassler, two acres in the northwest quarter of 14, 17, 2 east; $550.

George H. Scott to Alonzo F. Williams, lots 16 and 17 in block 1 in West Park addition to Decatur; $1,500.

G. H. Scott to Alonzo F. Williams, the south half of lot 10 in block 3 in H. Robinson's addition to Decatur; $2,300.

George H. Scott to Eugene W. Scott, lot 6 in block 2 of Hunter Bros.' addition to Decatur; $900.

Jacob F. Ebert to C. L., H. D. and Lewis S. Colby, lot 10 in block 2 in H. A. Wood's addition of outlots to city of Decatur; $150.

Wedded.

A very quiet and unpretentious wedding was solemnized at the residence of Wilford Hoke last Sunday morning, the contracting parties being C. M. Lane and Miss Nora L. Patterson, daughter of D. M. Patterson. The ceremony was performed by Dr. A. L. Kellar in his usual impressive manner, and after congratulations the happy couple attended services at the Christian church. They departed Monday for Decatur, where the groom has recently located and is engaged in the practice of law. Both these young people are well known here in Sullivan, where they have many friends whose best wishes will follow them to their new home.—*Sullivan News.*

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our SOUVENIR PORTFOLIO OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION, the regular price is Fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same and is executed in the finest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address E. E. BUCKLEN & Co., Chicago, Ill. dm

SPRINGFIELD HIS HOME.

Charles Miller Had a Wife at the Capital—Her Grief.

Charles Miller, the negro who was hanged and burned at the stake at Bardwell, Ky., yesterday, had a wife residing at Springfield, Ill. The *State Journal* reporter last night found Mrs. Miller at a neighbor's house frantic with grief. Her mind was wandering and at times she was so violent that it required several persons to restrain her. Several neighbors were standing around trying to soothe her, but to no avail. She would talk very little on the subject, and then in an incoherent manner. However, her actions and the information received from her neighbors made it plain that the man lynched was her husband.

Miller and his wife came to Springfield last October, telling the neighbors that they came from the southern part of Texas. They went to housekeeping at 716 North Second street, and his wife has since resided there. Miller would be at home for two or three weeks at a time, and then he would leave and be gone from four to six weeks. His wife told the neighbors that he owned two barber shops near Cairo and spent most of his time there.

A GLASS EATER.

The negro was well known all through the state of Kentucky, and in all the towns on both sides of the Ohio river. For some years he has traveled from place to place, giving glass eating exhibitions. He not only ate glass, but had a ravenous appetite for many kinds of off color dishes.

One of his favorite dishes was a raw chicken. This when devoid of entrails and feathers he would devour in a few minutes with as much gusto and apparent relish as a hungry dog would eat meat. Another pastime with him, and one by which he often regaled his colored auditors, was to eat a cat that had been baked in clay.

Special From Frostland.

WRITTEN FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

The governor of Illinois to-day
Has written his letters and had his say,
In regard to judges and laws of the land,
And the Haymarket riot and the Anarchist band.

And to excuse himself he attacks our laws,
In writing by "open" instead of his jaws,
The people to show his book learning lore,
Then fed them his hide is as thick as a board.

What do I hear, an American born?
No never, the Nation will look on him with scorn,
And it is just that they should as he has proven untrue,
And added insult to our flag and the boys in blue.

What excuse has he got for what he has done?
To pardon out men who should have been hung,
Or imprisoned for life, as the laws did intend,
For the crime they committed like so many fiends?

He has disgraced Illinois, the state that is true
To the American flag and her colors of blue,
And her people so good, so true and so brave,
He would like to let down in one common grave.

He cannot to-day—though the Anarchists' tool—
Make the people believe but what such a fool
Should be put out of office, with all of his fame,
His honor, his glory, his wealth and his name.

Let the people wake up and see where they stand
In regard to the laws of our beautiful land.
Are we a toss and a by-word in the mouth of a mob?
When we are run by a man with the brains of a hog?

His plans, they were perfect, for the dastardly trick
That he played on the people, as he thought, very "slick";
But the comments that reach him all over the land,
Would make a man sick of the Anarchist band.

"Why did you do it?" the people all ask,
Unless you had promised the Anarchist class
That you would free them in payment for all of their votes,
Besides a good roll of the treasury notes.

I am glad you are not an American born—
Better get over the water where your people belong
Than try to rule us, who are free as the air,
By an Anarchist law, and their wall of despair.

You had better resign; your oath is no good
With American people whose battles have stood
For the right, for justice, for liberty's speech,
And not for the sound of the Anarchists screech.

The little red school house, down under the hill,
With its flag to the breeze is standing there still,
And will continue to stand, and its flag it will soar
Through the sound of the bands and the Anarchists roar.

Their blood-red flag as it fades out and dies
With the Anarchist band, their traitors and spies—
But the flag of our country, oh long may it wave,
"O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

OLD FROSTY.

That Captive Balloon.

Matthew J. Sweteke, one of the stockholders in the World's Fair Captive Balloon Company, filed a bill in the circuit court at Chicago asking that a receiver be appointed for the company. Judge Collins appointed C. R. Mason to take charge of the company's affairs. The capital stock of the company is $50,000, divided into 1000 shares, which it is claimed is being dissipated by mismanagement. The bill provides that the receiver be empowered to convert the assets of the company into cash as soon as practicable, pay its debts, and prorate the surplus, if any, among the stockholders.

The Decatur Implement Co.

Sells the very best make of Farm Machinery, such as Minneapolis, Buckeye Frameless Binders and Mowers, Walter A. Wood Binders and Mowers, Binding Twine; a full line of Collins' Plows, David Bradley's Plows, Avery Planters and Cultivators; Quincy Corn Planters, Hay Presses, Hay Rakes; Rock Island Hay Loader, Threshing Machines. All kinds of Binders, Reapers and Mowers repaired. Be sure to examine our goods before you buy.

Corner of East William and Franklin streets. feb10-wtf

STILL IN SIGHT.

The Electric Railway Between St. Louis and Chicago.

Nothing has been heard for some time past of the Chicago-St. Louis Electric Railway. A call at the general offices in St. Louis yesterday by a *Globe-Democrat* reporter, however, developed the fact that the promoters are neither dead nor sleeping, but in spite of the financial stringency are quietly working ahead. They have not been able to carry on all the promises of their original prospectus and the line is not yet constructed so that the passenger revenue which the World's Fair season was expected to yield for the stockholders will be forthcoming. The officers of the company say that in addition to the letting of the construction contract to Messrs. Bennell & Garvey Bros., wherein they agree to take one-half their pay in bonds of the company at par, the General Electric Company has entered into an agreement to electrically equip the road after the plans and specifications of the company and will guarantee speed of one hundred miles an hour with multiphase electric motors. Arrangements for placing the balance of the bonds were completed and the necessary papers ready for signature when the first positive signs of financial trouble appeared, which stopped all further negotiation for the present. The company has paid all its bills, however, and claims to have money enough in the treasury to continue the work in all departments at least a year.

It has been conceded that electricity will solve the problem of rapid transit for long distances between cities as well as for short, and the latter has been amply demonstrated here. The promoters of the Chicago-St. Louis electric line in their work of securing right of way, etc., found a strong demand for inter-urban accommodation, and the general plan now includes a chain of short electric lines from one town to another, connecting with the main line at junction points and caring for the business to be picked up in the country districts located between county seats and market towns. There would appear to be a steady source of revenue in that field.

CORPORATION FEES

The New Law Increasing Them Went Into Effect Tuesday.

Friday ended the old law in regard to the fees for issuing of corporation papers by the secretary of state. Saturday the new law goes into effect, by which a fee of $25 each is charged instead of $5.50, as formerly. The fees collected by the secretary of state under the old law for the past six months aggregate about $17,000, being $3,000 more than were ever collected during a previous half year. Since the passage of the bill providing for an increase of fees, the number of applications have shown no material increase over the corresponding period in former years until Tuesday, when the applications were about double the ordinary number. It is expected that the increase of the fee will about treble the income of the office from that source, and this increase, together with that expected from other sources produced by legislation in the last general assembly, will enable the secretary of state to pay into the state treasury about $100,000 per year, which will serve to make the tax levy lighter on the people. The receipts of the office have formerly been about one-fourth of this amount. The last Democratic general assembly will thus save about $75,000 of taxes to the people of the state on this matter alone.

Low Rate of Mortality.

There is no better place to determine the comparative rate of mortality, in Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee and Kentucky, than at the Decatur Coffin factory. There is scarcely a year that within this territory there does not exist, in some one or more localities, epidemics of some kind or other to increase the coffin trade. This year, however, so a gentlemen connected with the concern reported last night, there is nothing of the kind anywhere within the limits of their field and consequently the trade is lighter than usual.

Splendid Wheat.

Tom Jacobs, of Wheatland township, has brought the REPUBLICAN the first sample of wheat which has reached this office this year. It is the Red Clausen variety, and cannot be excelled in size and quality. It will run 35 bushels to the acre. Tom says he put in 10 acres, and that it is Republican wheat at Democratic prices—38 cents a bushel.

Adjusting Assessments.

From Saturday's Daily.

The county board committee on equalization of taxes, comprising Supervisors Bell, Starr, Nowlin, Nicholson, Parker Cussins and Davis, is still in session attempting to their duties. Possibly they will finish their work this evening. The report will be submitted to the board for approval at the regular meeting of the board the first Monday in August.

To the Voters of Illinois: Hon. Thomas [illegible] sentiments are those of Hon. E. J. Pudge: "Only those who never make mistakes never make anything."

WOOD PUMPS, [illegible] Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lebman's. [illegible]-wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The J. V. Harnett & Co. Leather Commission Co. of St Louis made an assignment to Elias Nelson for the benefit of creditors yesterday.

The [illegible] City savings bank one of the largest institutions of its kind in Missouri, made an assignment yesterday. The liabilities and assets are not yet known.

—Leonard [illegible] of Grand Rapids, Mich., was [illegible] Monday, for preliminary trial, [illegible] of the Grand Rapids and Grand Rapids.

The [illegible] investigation and affair [illegible] with but [illegible] being made [illegible]

—On [illegible] at the Birdsey [illegible] New Haven, Conn., [illegible] would [illegible] to the [illegible] for [illegible]

Dr. [illegible] Charles Bunker at [illegible] who is wanted [illegible] of Anna Sell [illegible] of Police Howard of [illegible] the man.

—Frederick Arnwer of Philadelphia, the contractor for the Pennsylvania state asylum at Warren, [illegible] with liabilities at $[illegible]. Mr. Arnwer says that his assets will be $[illegible]. Money stringency was the cause.

The Cramps have decided to launch the protected cruiser Minneapolis August 12 next. Miss Washburn, daughter of Senator Washburn of Minneapolis, has been named by Secretary Herbert to officiate as godmother at the christening.

—The suit brought by Wanamaker & Brown to restrain the World's Columbian exposition directors from opening the fair gates on Sundays resulted in a defeat for plaintiffs, the court holding that they had no standing in a court of equity.

Billy Plummer, the recognized featherweight champion of the world, and Billy Lyons, who lately achieved considerable glory by defeating Kid Horan, were matched yesterday to fight in New York on July 29. They will fight at 112 pounds.

—The St. Petersburg Advertiser announces that the reduction in customs duties conceded on articles imported from the United States and from France and the other European countries, with the exception of Austro-Hungary, went into operation yesterday.

—The Hercules Iron Works Co., owners of the cold storage warehouse at the World's fair destroyed by fire Monday, made an assignment for the benefit of creditors in the Cook county court yesterday morning. The Chicago Title and Trust Co. is named as assignee.

—The armored cruiser New York is now within a few days of readiness for commission. The Cramp company have begun the final planing of her decks and mounting of her turret batteries. The shipment of her crew is proceeding rapidly at the League Island navy yard.

—"Billy" Lester, the variety actor, died at his summer cottage at Fair Haven, N. J., yesterday after a long illness. He was 40 years old. He was at one time a member of the sketch team of Lester & Allen and later he was also one of the proprietors of Lester & Allen's minstrels.

—American lovers of song, and especially the lovers of German song, have been attracted to Cleveland, O., in tens of thousands by the annual sangerfest of the North American sangerbund, one of the noteworthy events of this notable year and exceeding in magnificence any former event of the kind.

—An explosion of fire damp took place in mine No. 1 of the West Virginia Central railroad property at Cumberland, Md., yesterday. Ninety miners were at work in the various drifts at the time. They made a wild dash for the shaft, and all succeeded in escaping but two, who are supposed to have been burned to death.

—For the third time within a few years the village of Fairville, a suburb of St. John, N. B., was Monday afternoon again almost destroyed by fire. The burned district covers a large part of the section that was burned a year ago, which has been rebuilt, together with that part of the village which escaped destruction at that time. Eighty families are homeless.

THE CANDO FIEND.

A Determined Mob Demand His Surrender to Judge Lynch.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., July 11.—Shortly after dark this evening a number of determined men arrived here from Cando, N. D., and proceeded at once to the county jail. They were followed by an immense crowd and by 10 o'clock at least 1,500 people had gathered and began clamoring for Brumberger, the murderer of six members of the Kreider family near Cando. The sheriff, however, made a strong show of force and the mob slowly withdrew. All is confusion. The mob is in consultation on the outskirts and it is believed a concerted and successful attack will be made on the jail at midnight.

The Mob Was Leaderless.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., July 12.—At 1:30 a. m. it is evident the mob is leaderless, and many of the members have gone home. The jail is still illuminated, and Sheriff Fallen has a large posse inside. Any attempt at lynching to-night will prove a failure.

Caught at Last.

CHICAGO, July 12.—George L. Levigne, the light-weight prize fighter of Bay City, for whom Sheriff Taylor of La Salle county, Ill., has been looking for the past three weeks, was arrested in this city yesterday. Levigne and Eddie Myer, another light-weight, engaged in a finish fight near Streator, Ill., about three months ago. All those who had anything to do in connection with the fight were indicted by the grand jury of La Salle county, but Levigne made his escape. He attended the Griffin-Smith fight at Roby, Ind., Monday night, and afterwards came to Chicago.

Stopped by the Police.

JACKSON, Mich., July 12.—The fifteen-round glove contest here last night between La Blanche, the "Marine," and Bob Manning was stopped in the eighth round by the police. In the third round Manning knocked the Marine under the ropes, but up to the seventh, aside from this, the men clinched most of the time. The last two rounds, however, became so hot that the police were satisfied it was to be a knock-out, and interfered. Manning appeared to have a little the best of the fight at the close.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge Taken Suddenly Ill.

LONDON, July 12.—Lord Coleridge, lord chief justice of England, was taken suddenly ill yesterday at the Newcastle assizes. The court was adjourned.

A Victim of the Chickamauga Accident.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 12.—Chief of Police Mitchell died at 4:30 yesterday morning. He was a victim of Sunday's accident at Chickamauga.

THE CHICAGO HORROR

Delving Into the Debris at the World's Fair Fire

TO RECOVER THE BODIES OF THE LOST

The Remains of Those Known to Have Perished Taken Out, but Still Others Supposed to be Under the Ruins.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, July 11.—At 12 o'clock the work of delving into the debris was discontinued for the lunch hour. Marshal King and his twenty men have reached the network of pipes which formed the freezing process for the ice rink on the top floor, but deeper progress has been almost stopped as the pipes are heavy and cover an immense space. Those bodies taken out thus far are probably all of the firemen who were sent to death by the falling tower, and if anybody was in the building or on the stairs leading to the top floor it will soon be known if their bodies have not been cremated.

The work of the searching crew was taken up again at 12:50 under the adverse circumstances existing, and it is likely that the bottom will be reached by 5 o'clock to-night.

Powerful machinery will be required to lift the net-work of freezing pipes and allow the firemen to delve still deeper for humanity, which it is conceded by all, is certainly wedged below. Probably by noon to-morrow the anxiously-awaited truth will have been reached.

The following is a list of the fatalities.

THE DEAD.

James Fitzpatrick, 54 years old, captain engine company 2.
John Freeman, lieutenant company 1.
Wm. Denning, truck company 8.
N. Hartman, a lineman.
Philip P. Breen, truck company 8.
Capt. J. H. Galvey, engine company 1.
John McBride, captain engine company 1.
John Cahill, truck company 8.
Paul Schroeder, truck company 8.
Burton E. Page, captain truck company 3.
Charles Purvis, lieutenant engine company 1.
John A. Smith, driver engine company 1.

FATALLY INJURED.

L. J. Frank, fireman; expected to die to-night.
Sigmund Nordrum, engine company No. 2; can not live twelve hours.

The four Columbian guards who were reported in the list of missing have been heard from.

At daylight Marshall King and twenty laborers were at work on the ruins. By 7 o'clock three bodies were recovered from the ruins but they were so badly charred and disguised as to make recognition impossible. One thing seems quite evident, however, and that is that the bodies discovered are not the remains of firemen, because they were found at a somewhat remote distance from where the firemen fell, and under a mass of steam pipe and machinery that must have fallen from above. This gives color to the fearful apprehension that the firemen were by no means the only ones who fell victims to the flames, and the public is disposed to doubt the declarations that employes and visitors were out of the building before the conflagration had reached a dangerous stage.

The search went on with but one short intermission until 4:10 o'clock, when one more body was brought to the surface. Like the others, it was charred beyond recognition.

At 5 o'clock another body, burned beyond recognition, was found just under the network of pipes, and was extricated with difficulty. There are rumors yet to be heard to the effect that Henry Ceduldig, foreman of the painters in the Cold Storage building, is missing, together with a carpenter, John Campbell, but as many others who were thought to have been lost have turned up, it is presumed that these men have escaped.

Marshal Murphy is convinced that there are more bodies under the ruins. He said to-day: "We have accounted for the firemen and a lineman. But what of those carpenters and painters? The place was full of men when I went there and I noticed particularly two men carrying little blast stoves used in soldering. They, as was the case with the carpenters, did not realize the extent of the danger and were standing around."

In regard to the reports he had made on the unsafe condition of the building, the chief said guardedly: "I correspond in my official capacity, only with Mr. Burnham, director of works. I have sent three letters in regard to the condition of the building and have reported to him after each one of the four fires, and recommended that something be done at once to prevent a recurrence of the affairs."

After the cold storage fire horror came the display, to-day, of practical human sympathy for the widows and children of the brave men who died at the post of duty. Subscriptions and offers of substantial help came in all day to President Higginbotham, who reported the following: Northern Trust Co., $1,000; Potter Palmer, $1,000; Commissioner Massey, $100; Philadelphia Cafe, $100; Record and Hopkins, $100; Director Schwab, $200; the foreign commissioners to the fair, $745. The total amount of the subscription to-night amounts to $8,310, but it will not stop there by any means. The Cliff Dwellers Co. and the Military tournament will give a performance for the benefit of the brave men. The employes of the exposition and concessionaires and other pass-holders will contribute the price of an admission, fifty cents each, next Thursday.

A proposition will be made to the executive committee to designate one day, the proceeds of which shall go to the relief fund. Those inclined to give more than fifty cents for their tickets that day will be allowed to do so. Charles T. Yorkes, the street railway magnate has offered $2,500 for his ticket.

The first act of the council of administration at its meeting to-day was to pass a series of resolutions extending its sympathy and condolence to the bereaved, attesting its high appreciation of the heroism for the dead and surviving, and commending to the executive committee of the exposition the propriety of making such appropriation to the fund for the sufferers as it should deem adequate, also authorizing President Higginbotham to present a medal to each of the survivors whose conduct was marked by personal bravery.

Paid Admissions to the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, July 12.—The paid admissions at the World's fair yesterday were 101,224.

LAID TO REST.

Funeral of the Late Associate Justice Samuel Blatchford.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 12.—The funeral rites were performed over the remains of the late Associate Justice Samuel Blatchford, of the United States supreme court, at 2:30 yesterday in All Saints' chapel, which was crowded, while the streets around were filled with people and carriages.

The remains were taken direct to All Saints' church, the bearers being Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Justice Horace Gray, Justice David J. Brewer, Justice George Shiras, Jr., Justice Howell E. Jackson, Judges E. Henry Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman, Charles L. Benedict, Hoyt H. Wheeler, Addison Brown, Alfred C. Cox, Charles Andrew, John C. Gray, John S. Edwick, Seth Low, Anthony Webster, John L. Cadwalader and James Lowndes.

The services at the church were conducted by Rt. Rev. Bishop Potter, a relative; Rt. Rev. Bishop Clarke, of Rhode Island, Rev. Dr. H. Y. Satterlee, and Rev. Dr. Alexander Mackaye Smith, of Washington. The funeral party were driven from the church to the dock of the steamer General, and upon her transported to Wickford, leaving at 4:20 p. m. There a special parlor car was in waiting for the party, which reached New York about 11 o'clock last night. The burial took place to-day at 9 a. m., at Greenwood cemetery.

M. MARIE, of Paris, is known as the "dog barber." He daily clips from ten to thirty dogs. The price of a clip is 4 francs.

Be on your Guard.

If some grocers urge another baking powder upon you in place of the "Royal," it is because of the greater profit upon it. This of itself is evidence of the superiority of the "Royal." To give greater profit the other must be a lower cost powder, and to cost less it must be made with cheaper and inferior materials, and thus, though selling for the same, give less value to the consumer.

To insure the finest cake, the most wholesome food, be sure that no substitute for Royal Baking Powder is accepted by you.

Nothing can be substituted for the Royal Baking Powder and give as good results.

THE BEST BLOOD Purifier AND TONIC

For Old and Young TO QUICKEN THE Appetite, REMOVE THAT Tired Feeling And Make the Weak Strong.

It enriches the blood and invigorates every organ and tissue of the body.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Cures others, will cure you

After Office.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—A Rock-Islander named J. R. Johnson, wants to be Surveyor of Customs at that port, according to his application filed at the Treasury Department; and E. E. Myers, of Detroit, would like to be an Inspector of Public Buildings.

Examining surgeons of the Pension Bureau have been appointed in Ohio as follows: Batavia, Drs. W. H. Aiken, T. P. Witham and A. W. Ashburn; Caldwell, Drs. John Finley, F. H. Hurd and A. A. Staats.

Out of twenty-seven applicants for the position of assistant secretary of agriculture, now held by Mr. Willitts of Michigan, there are four Illinoisans, one of them a woman—Mrs. A. H. Richards. Her competitors are Charles Griffiths, Edward L. Merritt and E. C. Pace. Daniel Strange of Michigan would also like to occupy this chair at the Department of Agriculture.

Fourth-class postmasters have been commissioned at the following western places:

Illinois—Chatham, G. W. Sword; Dalton City, B. B. Combes; Gilberts, Wm. Tyrrell; Mount Erie, W. C. Camp; Plano, James McStays; St. Jacobs, Mike Bernhardt; Sorento, C. W. Garrison; Staunton, Cornelius Godfrey; Sublette, Berthold Fluher; Timothy, Abram L. Jones; Waterman, G. Leifheit.

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur, Ill., postoffice, July 12, 1893:

GENTS' LIST.

Brenam Henry	McCray H J
Bennedick C D	Murphy Frank
Carpenter Frank	Milee Jas W
Conlin Patrick	Myers C B (3)
Carter Jas	Marshall Robt
Davin Pete	O'Brien Wm
Foster E E	Robertson John H
Hornbrook H H	Rogers J H
Jones W T	Strouse Chas
Johnson J A	Shafner Jacob
Kain Henry	Verne Fred R
Kadeski Leo J (2)	Young J W

LADIES' LIST.

Ayres Mrs Jason C	Layton Mrs Hattie
Baker Hattie	Miller Stella
Bloomer Lizzie	Myers Eva
Crawford Josephene	Morrison Mrs Ellen
Cavanaugh Lula	Neal Mrs Sam'l
Delmo Lulu	Pare Rosa
Davidson Lula	Saurs Sarah
Lewis Mrs C E	Waddell Mrs Addie
Lawrence Harsiett N	White Mrs Richard

J. T. HUBBARD, Postmaster.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to J. T. Roberts, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following F. G. Logan & Co.'s market letter received over the Roberts private wire; also market quotations.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 12, 1893.

ARTICLES.	Opening.	High'st	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT—				
July	....	....	....	65⅝
Sep	69	69¾	68¾	69⅝
Dec	75¼	75¾	74¾	75⅝
CORN—				
July	40	40⅛	40	40⅛
Sep	41⅛	41⅜	40⅞	41¼
May	....	....	....	39⅝
OATS—				
July	29¼	29¼	29¼	29⅛
Sept	25½	25½	25½	25½
May	28¾	28¾	28¾	28⅝
PORK—				
June	....	....	....	....
July	....	....	....	16 00
Sep	19 80	19 90	19 80	19 90
LARD—				
July	....	....	....	9 65
Sep	10 22	10 25	10 12	10 12
Oct	....	....	....	9 65
RIBS—				
June	....	....	....	....
July	....	....	....	9 80
Sep	9 27	9 27	9 05	9 05

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOTS.
Wheat, all grades, 53. Contract, 29.
Corn, all grades, 331. Contract, 103.
Oats, all grades, 106. Contract, 19.

LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS.
Hogs 31,000; 10@15c lower $6 00@6 25. Left over 1,000. Quality good.
Cattle 6,000, weak.

Puts on Sept wheat ..... [illegible]
Calls " " ..... [illegible]
Puts " Sept corn 41⅛
Calls " " " 41⅛

ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.
Wheat, 51. Corn, 330. Oats, 15.
Hogs 21,000.

LOGAN LETTER.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 12, 1-sd.

We have had a moderate business in wheat today. The near future depends on the crop prospects. The documents we have from the spring wheat districts do not promise a full average yield. This with a small winter crop and short crops in the United Kingdom and on the continent should give higher prices, but for the clouds in the financial world.

The corn trade has been quiet with a firm undertone. The shipping demand is less active. We feel friendly to corn around present prices.

No feature to oats, the cash demand is fair.

Hog product has been weak from the opening until the close. All hog product to us looks high.

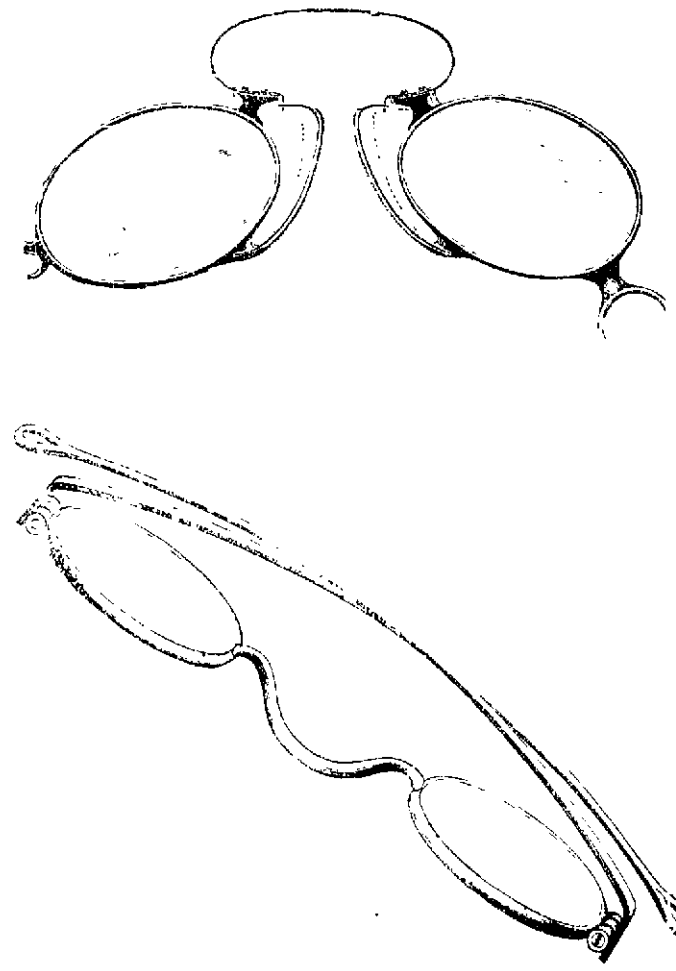
FOUR and twenty members of Parliament who bear the christian name of George, will unite in presenting the Duke of York a wedding ornament inscribed G. E. O. R. G. E., to be worn with the Garter.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT is said to have acquired such a distaste for coaching since his narrow escape from death by being thrown from a drag in Paris that he ordered his whole coaching establishment sold at auction.

Buggies, Buggies, Buggies.

When you want a Buggy, Surrey or Phaeton come and look through our stock. We have some of the best buggies made and our prices are the lowest.

THE SPENCER & LEHMAN CO.



WHEN you find yourself in need of Spectacles come to us to be fitted. We have fitted Spectacles and Eye-Glasses with a great degree of success for over 25 years.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

Bradley Bros.

DRY GOODS & MILLINERY

Decatur Ill.

NOTICE OUR SALE OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

200 dozen Men's four-ply Pure Linen Collars, twenty styles, sizes 13 to 17½, for **5c** each.

50 dozen Men's four-ply Pure Linen Cuffs, six styles, all sizes, **10c** a pair.

25 dozen Men's Laundried White Shirts, **50c** each.

Men's Fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, **50c** each.

Men's full size Muslin Night Shirts, **50c** each.

Men's Regular Made Half Hose, Tan and Black, all sizes, **15c** a pair.

Bradley Bros.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

CORNER WATER AND WILLIAM STS.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®